ON, POMEROY & CO.

PTORY AUCTION SALE

AY AFTERNOON, Feb. 3, at 2 Clock, on the Ground.

resident, who has ordered a positive terms, which will afford capiparties sesting an investment, an
asse at public auction an eleganceither for a private residence or a
house, always in demand in this
for sale or cent.

t. The property is rese from any inell positively be sold to the highest
lowing many term. One-fourth cash,
on, and three years, at 8 per cent inon, and three years, at 8 per cent in-

P. GORE & CO.,

GOODS.

Jan. 27, at 10 o'clock,

otions, Hats and Caps;
loves, Hosiery, &c.;
ad Silver-plated Ware:
is and Wool Jackets;
r OH Cloths and Mattings;
tohemish Goods;
des, Bed Comforters, & Carpets.
GRO. P. GORE & OO.
GRO. P. GORE & OO.
GRO. P. Wabsah-av.

38, AT 10 A. M.,

D AND SHOES.

" MEN'S and BOYS' BUFF.

'OFFMAN'S SON & CO.

AY, Pob. 4, at II o'clock, at Roberts on. of and 98 Water-st., New York, by on-

IND TEAS.

PORTANT SALE OF

Packages Choice New Teas,

Per Galley of Lorne and other vanial

OFFICIAL STATE OF THE STATE OF

A. BUTTERS & CO., UCTIONEERS, MADISON-SI., oen Dearborn and Clark.)

TONS, & CUTTERS, HARNESS, &C.,

GOODS, CLOTHING,

70 Wabash-av.

roperty,

luable Residence

GIFT CONCERT.

Public Library of Ky OVER A MILLION IN BANK!

VOLUME 27.

INSURANCE.

TLIAMSBURGH CITY

FIRE INSURANCE CO.

OF BROOKLYN, M. Y.

hah Assets over Liabilities .... \$671.955.82

DAN, M. BOWMAR, Agent,

FULL DRAWING ASSURED! Tuesday, the 31st of March next.

\$1,500,000



Total, 12,000 Gifts, ALL CASH

Watts & Co.,

KEARNEY'S BUCHU.

KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Bright's Disease

And a Positive Remedy for GOUT, GRAVEL,

DIABETES,
DYSPEPSIA,
NERVOUS DEBILITY,

BLADDER AND KIDNEYS natorrhose, Leucoorrhose or Whites, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, STONE IN THE BLADDER, Calculus Gravel or Brickdust Deposit, and Muous, of Milky Discharges.

KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU

and permanently cures all Disc BLADDER, KIDNEYS, and \* DROPSICAL SWELLINGS Existing in Men. Women, and Children.

NO MATTER WHAT THE AGE epot, No. 104 Duane-st., New York.

BURNHAM & SON and VAN SCHAACK, STE STARCH.

T. KINGSFORD & SON'S STARCH

998--1,000--PURE. HE VERY PERFECTION OF QUALITY.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DISSOLUTION. the separatership berestofore existing between the un-mand under the name of the Melrose Manufacturing saw, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Will-les within day dissolved by mutual consent. Will-les within the property of the second of the series series of the Manufacturing of Thomas G. I the Melrose Manufacturing Company. F. M., LISSON, THOMAS G. HALL. WILLIAM LHE. THE CELEBRATED

Spiced and Pressed Beef OR TABLE USE.
HILL & PASCO,
75 West Adams

VIEW TAXES For 1878, and payable. No. 24 Madison ROBERT GREER, Co.

NOTICE.

Strucy 1, 1874, the premium upon purchase of HTHICATES, hold by the city for city taxes of to raised to S PER CENT. 6, Jan. 20, 1874. S. S. HAYES, Comptroller. PRINTERS. STATIONERS. &c.

BLANK BOOKS J. M. W. JONES,
104 AND 106 MADISON-ST.

SOCIETY MEETING. Masonic.

Ledge, No. 271, F., and A. M., commoneing in Hasons of the state of the Hasons of the Haso

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

renewing any Policies of Insurance into and Property-Owners will consult to by obtaining our rates. Desiron as favorable terms as in permit, without Boards of We are constantly receiving New Goods, in all Departments, direct from the manufacturers, made to our order and of the latest styles.

We call attention to

our extremely LOW PRICES. Fine Watches 4th Grand Gift Concert | repaired and adjusted.

N. MATSON & CO.,

State & Monroe-sts.



CORNELL WATCH CO.

WATCHES

DISCOUNT

On all Garments Ordered of us During January and February, 1874. Wedding Outfits a Specialty.

EDWARD ELY & CO., IMPORTING TAILORS, Wabash-av., con

ESTABLISHED 1854. \*

FINANCIAL. The FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Successor to THATCHER, STANDLEY & CO.), Central City, Colorado. A. THATCHER, Pres., OTTO SAUER, Vice Pres. FRANK C. YOUNG, Cashier.

Capital, \$300,000. Paid in, \$50,000. Refer to Chemical National Bank, New York, Luc Bank, St. Louis, Third National Bank, Chicago. Collections receive prompt personal attention.

DIGI

Creditors should push claims as soon as they are overis. If a debtor's paper gons to protest, other claims
ainst him cannot be pushed too seen. First come, first
cred. We pigeon-hole nothing, but ACT on points
oning to adjustment. FRASIER'S MERCANTILE
MARCHION AGENCY, 16 Madison-st.

FINANCIAL. me funds to lean on Pork, Lard and Grain is, and am buying mortgages given for purchase

LAZARUS SILVERMAN, Banker, Chamber of Commerce Building Office of Receiver of the Security Insurance Company, 52 BROADWAY,

DIVIDEND—A third dividend (special) of eleves (II) or event, on approved claims against the (late) Security surrance Company, is payable on demand at the office or undersigned. A. F. HASTINGS, Receiver. LITHOGRAPHING.

SPECIALTY ON ALL ORDERS received before the 15th of Febr BANK CHECKS.

round lots, engraved and lithographed in the LOW PRICES

UNION LITHO. CO., 1, 3, 5, 7 and 9 Michigan-av., Chicago

"RICHMOND PRINTS" lomething to their purpose. In the large variety of these cods, the CHOCOLATE STANDARD STYLES,"

"QUAKER STYLES," "STANDARD GRAY STYLES,"

CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1874.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

WASHINGTON. Speech of Senator Morton on

> the Transportation Question.

The Power to Regulate Inter-State Commerce Vested in Congress.

State Cannot Obstruct Through Commerce by Direct Legislation.

State Legislation Must Yield When Congress Assumes Jurisdiction.

Sumner's Civil Rights Bill Again Up in the Senate.

An Official Statement as to How Indian Accounts Are Kept.

Retrenchment Ordered in the Matter of

Public Buildings.

Kelley's Convertible Bond Bill Killed in the Ways and Means

SUMNER'S CIVIL RIGHTS BILL.

dumner this afternoon moved to take up and case his Civil Rights bill without sending it to not granting the colored folks more rights than are now possessed by the average white trash of the country, but they did, nevertheless, actually argue that Mr. Sumner's bill as it now stands contains unconstitutional provisions, and declared they never would vote for it until these objectionable features were removed. Then Senstor Saulsbury raised himself, and swore by the eternal that it was a disgrace to talk about giving our colored brothers additional rights until the thousands of white sufferers of the North who are crying for bread are provided for.

til the thousands of white sufferers of the North who are crying for bread are provided for.

EDMUNDS ON SAULSBURY.

This harsh sentiment aroused Judge Edmunds again, and he proceeded to defend the Civil Rights bill, using the old alang phrases whose changes have so often been rung about "the poor down-trodden slave," "the destruction of colored churches and school-houses," and in the heat of his remarks forgot all about the Constitution, and had a vote been taken then and there on Mr. Sumner's bill he would undoubtedly have swallowed it entire.

THE DISTRICT RING.

pecial Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns
A PETITION FOR INVESTIGATION. WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 27.—In the Se pointment of a joint select committee to investigate the doings of the Board of Public Works ring. The petition is the same one that the Hon. J. S. Wilson, of Indiana, yesterday tried to introduce into the House, but was prevented from doing, as the Speaker could not be prevailed upon to recognize him.

THE PETITIONERS ARE nt of a joint se

John B. Claggett, W. W. Corcoran, George W. Riggs, D. T. Jackson, William B. Jackson, Charles Slott, William Gunton, John Purdy, J. VanRistwick, Marshall Brown, John C. Kendall, Horatio Neasby, J. W. Kennedy & Co., Thomas B. Bryan, Jesse B. Wilson, Charles Edmundston, S. J. Bowen, James Adams, S. Norment, Benjamin Beal, W. H. Claggett, A. E. Perry, G. E. Kirk, Samuel Fowler, Henry Thorn, Charles W. Matthews, Francis Wheatly, B. Mackall.

E. Kirk, Samuel Fowler, Henry Thorn, Charles W. Matthews, Francis Wheatly, B. Mackall.

BURDEN OF THE COMPLAINT.

They represent they are citizens and owners of property in the District of Columbia, and are willing to bear their full proportion of the taxes necessary to make public improvements, but desire that the taxes, when collected, shall be honestly, economically, and prudently expended. They represent, further, that grave accusations have been made and widely circulated by the newspapers of the country reflecting upon the integrity of the officers of the present District Government, and charging them with gross mismangement of its affairs; that the good name of said District Government has greatly suffered thereby, and great scandal has been brought upon said officers, to the injury of all the citizens of said District. In consequence of the above state of affairs, the petitioners are led to believe that an investigation made by an appropriate committee of your honorable body will meet with the unqualified approbation not only of the people of the District, but of the whole country; that they likewise believe that a full, searching, and thorough investigation is due to these officers charged by reputable newspapers and responsible citizens with malfeasance in office. After the reading of the memorial it was laid on the table.

ARISG ORGAN'S SCREED.

The Evening Star, which has defended the District Government and the Board of Public Works with great zeal through all their vicinitudes, in alluding a few days since to a rumor that Mr. Corooran and George W. Riggs, the banker, had also signed a petition to have the affairs of the District investigated, said that the assertion that the names of George W. Riggs, the banker, had also signed a petition to have the affairs of the District investigated, said that the assertion that the names of George W. Riggs, the banker, had also signed a petition to have the affairs of the District investigated, said that the assertion that the names of George W. Riggs and W.

inhappy, because the improvements ma loubled, and even in many imstances qua

inhispy, because the many instances quadrupled the value of their property."

The idea intended to convey was that the wealthy citizens of Washington and the District were not in sympathy with those who thought there was room for investigation; that the malcontents were all poor wretches who, really had no interests in the District.

A CHANGE OF REART.

This evening, however, after witnessing the fact that Corcoran and Riggs, who are among the wealthiest and most enterprising citizens of the District, are perfectly willing to be classed with the malcontents, the Sur changes front, and devotes several editorial paragraphs to their abuse, the following being a sample:

Of the twenty-eight signatures to the memorial against the Board of Public Works presented by Senator Thurman to-day, more than one-half were neterious rebels during the War. Had Jeff Davis lakes Washington these gentlemes would probably

to foreign relations met with universal approbation. In referring to financial losses, Bancroft
states that the seeming indefinite postponement
of specie payments; the failure of a large number of railway securities to pay interest, and the
increase of the public debt has serious effect
upon American stocks, and there is less disposition to invest in any new loan which the United
States might be disposed to unvite.

COUNSELLOR TO THE TREASURY.

Mr. Hawley, of Illinois, introduced a bill in
the House, to-day providing for the appointment by the President of a Counsellor of the
Treasury, whose term of office shall be four
years. The duties of the officer shall
be to advise Disbursing Agents of the
Treasury as to the true intent and
meaning of acts making appropriations, and with
regard to the disbursement of public money.
His instruction shall be final authority on these
points, and after the passage of the act no
money shall be paid out of the Treasury save as
authorized by the Counsellor in his instructions
to the Disbursing Agent.

TABUFF AMENDAENTS.

The Wavs and Means Committee has agreed
to report favorably the bill regulating duties on
silk goods, and repealing the 10 per cent reduction of 1872 on books and other periodicals, and
artificial flowers, and making fruit dutiable as
before the act of 1872; also, giving distillers
their desired remedy as regards export bonds and
spirits destroyed in transit to the seaboard;
also, to make dutiable, under the reduced rates
by the act of 1872, all imported goods on shipboard when the new law took effect. This last
bill was reported and passed the House to-day.
It has now passed both Houses, and only needs
the President's signature to become a law.

KELLET'S KNOWLEDGE OF FINANCE.

Mr. Kelley, having had his bill to authorize
the issue of 3.65 convertible bonds rejected by
both the Ways and Means and Banking and Currency Committees, might be expected to hand
his harp upon the willows, but he won't. He
proposes to sing his financial song some day to
the

Washington, D. C., Dec. 27.—When Mr. Logan's bill to charter the proposed Trans-Continental Railroad & Telegraph Company emerges from the Senate Committee on Railroads, it will be found amended in two important particulars. The first change will be as to the maximum rates to be charged for car-

port a resolution suspending work on all public buildings not yet conamenced, and to cover existing appropriations for the same into the Treasury; also, authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to suspend work at his pleasure on buildings in process of erection.

[To the Associated Press.]

RETRENCEMENT ORDERED.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 27.—The House Committee on Appropriations to-day perfected a bill directing the Secretary of the Treasury, until otherwise ordered by law, to make no payments out of the unexpended balances of appropriations heretofore made for the purchase of sites and for the erection of public buildings by the Supervising Architect of the Treasury Department for any of the purposes and objects, to-wit: To pay for any site or extension of site the purchase of which has not been executed, or proceedings for the condemnation of which have not been completed; to pay for any work or materials for the erection of any Building upon which work is not already begun or contracted for; to pay for the sale or demolition of any building on any site where work has not been commenced until provided for by law. The Secretary shall make no contracts for the purchase of any new site, nor for material or labor on any building not actually commenced. All sums heretofore appropriated for buildings, the purchase of sites, etc., which are made unavailable by this act, are overed into the Treasury. The Secretary is authorized and directed to suspend the work on any buildings already commenced, whenever, in his judgment, such suspension can be made consistently with the public interest.

THE INDIAN BUREAU.

Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribune sons charged with the disbursement of moneys, goods, or effects for the benefit of the Indian, in obschence to the act of June 30. 1834, the Senate Committee on Printing say that if published the accounts would make a large volume, but would give little insight into the items of expenditure. Large sums are set down as having been expended for traveling expenses, for contingent expenses, for beneficial objects, etc., without generally specifying any details showing how these sums have been expended, but these copies of the account have been furnished in this way by the Second Auditor for nearly forty years, and the present incumbent of that office has followed the example set him by his predecessor. It is due to him to add that the vouchers of each account, showing every item, are kept classified in his office, subject to the inspection of members of Congress, or others who have a right to examine them, from 1834 to 1851.

THE LIST OF PRISONS APPOINTED or employed under the act above cited, with the dates of their appointment or employment, and the salary and pay of each was annually laid before Congress; but since them the law in this respect has been ignored; and the Committee are of opinion that the Second Auditor has compiled with the act alluded to as it has been understood in his office, but the information contained in that document giving, as it does, only general accounts and the names of those who have been

Much to the gratification of the habitues of the Capitol, Congressmen, and, doubtiess, the public generally, the West Virginia contested election debate, which threatened to be interminable, was brought to a close to-day, and Davis and Hogans, the former an O'Conor Democrat, and the latter Independent,—the contestants who were elected in August,—were seated. The most of the opposition came from the Democratic side. The House can now again proceed to business of importance.

[To the Associated Frees.]

THE GENEYA AWARD.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The Committee on the Judiciary to-day had before them the question of the Geneva award, and listened to the arguments of David Dudley Field and William Evarts. The former argued that \$662,000 of the Alabama indemnity fund should be paid to defunct insurance companies, which had paid that amount to insurers under war risks, and the latter argued in favor of including in the distribution of the award the rights of companies insuring who have paid their losses.

Outstanding legal-tenders, \$381,910,737.

ing who have paid their losses.

LEGAL-TENDERS.

Outstanding legal-tenders, \$381,910,737.

NOBLINATIONS.

The President sent to the Senate to-day the following nominations: Edwin M. McCook, of Colorado, to be Governor of Colorado Territory; John W. Jenkins, of Virginia, to be Secretary of Colorado; T. B. Seabright, to be Surveyor-General of Colorado; Albert G. Colwell, of Ohio, to be Consul at Anconia; S. C. Keniga, Postmaster at Kankakee, III.

THE CANINET MEETING

was fully attended this afternoon. The subject of sending to Congress a message upon the condition of affairs in Louisians was submitted and discussed in all its phases. It now seems dontirul whether a message on the subject will be transmitted to Congress, the President's Cabinet advises, not thinking that the condition of affairs in that State has so materially changed within the past year as to require any special communication, the main facts being already known to Congress, and covered by a previous message.

THE DURELL CASE.

The House Committee on the Judiciary has not yet ocusidered Judge Durell's impeachment case. As the evidence not yet being in a printed form for the information of its members, the subject will not be reached this week.

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD. SENATE.

Chairman CARPENTER and Senator THURMAN presented petitions from soldiers of the late war asking additional bounty. Referred.

Mr. THUBMAN said petitions frequently presented were in the same handwriting. This abuse should be stopped.

Mr. THURMAN also presented a petition from W. W. Corcoran. G. W. Riggs, and other property-holders in Washington, praying that an investigation be granted into the affairs of the District Government asked for a few days since. The petition recites that serious charges have been made by various newspapers. Laid on the table.

the French spoliation claims. Placed on calen-

legislation, or through railroad companies, fixes rates of travel and transportation across its ter-ritories, it has a vast power for the oppres-sion of the Northwestern States, which is

Mr. FERRY (Conn.) moved that the bill be Mr. FERRY (Com.) moved that the bill be referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. SUMNER said there was a very good reason why this bill should not be referred to that Committee. It had been twice before the Committee, and there was no necessity of again sending it there. The Senste had acted on the bill as in Committee of the Whole; he could see nothing in the motion to refer but a mode of opposition by imposing tune, impediment, and delay, The bill stood number one on the calendar, and should have been acted upon the first day of the session. His desire, he might say the during desire of his soul, was to have the great question closed now so it would never intrude again in this chamber; so never again in our legisla-

NUMBER 158.

Mr. STOWELL, from the Post-Office C tee, reported back to the Senate amendm the Post-Route bill. Concurred in

CASUALTIES.

EHOLD FURNITURE

An Interesting Breach of Promise Case.

on as to What Constitutes

posed Of. in Jail-Bankruptev

Items.

THE SUPREME COURT.

CHICAGO TAX CASES,

Another Fraudulent Divorce Dis-

THE CHICAGO COURTS.

annace of Frontiss soil.

An interesting suit was tried before Judge Booth. The action was brought by Annette L. Grant against George Levant Huyek, a West-Side druggist and perfumer, to recover damages for his alleged breach of promise to marry her. It appears from the evidence that she went to work for him in his laboratory, where they become consented. Shouth a financial his hashes for his alleged breach of promise to marry her. It sppears from the evidence that she went to work for him in his laboratory, where they became acquainted. Shortly afterward he began calling on her at her mother's house, and the intimory ripened into love. He spoke of love in a cottage and bridal trips to St. Louis, and she dreamed of a golden future for herself, and expended her spare money in purchasing the needful outfit. But a fairer one appeared, and Nottie was left to mourn. She says he devoted himself so exclusively to her that she felt suthorized to reject the addresses of all others and look upon him as her affianced. But George says he considered it all sport, just for fun, and that he had helf a dozen other young ladies in tow at the same time, one of whom he married in September, 1872, a month after breaking off with the fair plaintiff. Miss Annette and her anster are both very attractive, and the many speciators who will be unffaring to-day from stiff necks, caused by frantic endesyors to gaze on the young ladies, may console themselves with the thought of having suffered in a good cause. Huyek testified that he did not consider it anything serious; he had never proposed to her, and she had never consented, and, as long as the faintly-whispered 'Yes' had not been said on the part of the lady, the contract was not complete. In answer to the question whether he sent the old folks away, fluyek replied he did not, but it was much more pleasant when Mira. Grant was absent. The laugh which this statement caused showed the keen appreciation of the fast by the crowd. The trial was concluded late in the afternoon, and the case given to the jury, with leave to seal their verdict, and the result with not be known until this morring.

Judge Blodgett was occupied yesterday morning in hearing the decunter in the case of Sophia C. Bigelow, administratrix of the estate of Henry W. Bigelow deceased, against the Berkshire Muntal Life Insurance Company. Bigelow, it will be remembered, committed suicide here about a y

Shortly after the fire R. E. Jenkins, as As-

patition abowing his liabilities to be about \$1,600 and assets about \$1,200. The matter was referred to Register Crain.

In the matter of Brown & Cramer the proceedings were ordered to be dismissed if no objection be filed in ten days.

James M. Ephlin was adjudicated bankrupt by default and a warrant issued for March 2

pathy or Shock?

Was There an Essentially Vital Union Through the Ligament?

the creditors have received altogether.

CHOUST COURT.

George R. Petenson filed a bill against George C. Rimey to restrain him from selling Lots 13 to 36, inclusive, in Block 2, and Lots 13 to 36, inclusive, in Block 3, all in the subdivision of the N ½ of the N W ½ of Sec. 15, 33, 14. Rimey has a purchase-money mortgage for \$3,000 on the above premises, but complainant alleges that he has not given a good sitie, as he contracted.

THE COUNTY COURT.

In the County Court, in the matter of the estate of the lafe arthur Devine, the letters of administration to Anna Devine were yesterday revoked, and letters testamentary grained to Peter Devine and David Bauld, under an approved bond of \$16,556.

Devine and David Issue, under the bond of \$16,556.
Frederick H. Merritt was yesterday appointed, at the County Court, guardian of Marion Haynes Hudson, a minor, under an approved bond of

LINCOLN PARK. The New Hill to Provide for Its Ex-

tension and Management.

It will be remembered, certainly by the North-Siders, that the Supreme Court recently declared the "Lincoln Park act" unconstitutional, on the ground that the suihorities of the Towns of North Chicago and of Lake View could not jointly assess upon the property of those two towns the cost of land which was to be con-

scheme. In order to remedy this defect in past legislation, eminent lawyers have drawn up and prepared a bill "for an act to enable towns to establish, maintain, and govern parks and boulevards, "which will soon be mbmitted to the General Assembly for its consideration and action.

This bill provides that, whenever fifty legal voters in any town notify the County Clerk that they desire the establishment of a park or boulevard, it is the duty of the County Clerk to call an election where their proposition ahall be voted on. If the election is in favor of parks, the Governor shall appoint five resident free-holders to constitute the Board of Public Park Commissioners, each of whom is required to give a bond in the sum of \$20,000. The term of office of the members is to be five years. The Board is to appoint a Secretary and Treasurer, the last named to give a bond in the sum of \$30,000. The Commissioners may be removed from office by the County Court on the petition of 100 freeholders, if it appears that the Commissioners or any one of them have been guilty of misdemeanor or malfeasance.

The Board is given full power to govern and manage the park or boulevards, to lay out and regulate them, and prescribe rules for their government, etc. The Board is suchorized to borrow money temporarily, not exceeding \$50,000, to be made in the improvement and mannenne

THE SIAMESE TWINS

The Deaths of Chang and Eng.

What Was the Cause of Death, Sym

Mount Airy, N. C. (Jan. 23), Correspondence of the New York Herold.

During a brief interview with Dr. William Hollingsworth, the medical attendant of the Siamese Twins, he explained that Chang had an attack of paralysis shortly after returning from Europe last year; that he had been suffering from pneumonis, or severe lung cold, for the past month, and that he (the Doctor) believed that it was exposure before he had sufficiently recovered from this malady that precipitated his death. On Friday Eng was as usual.—Chang not apparently very much worse. Eng was in excellent spirits and seemed remarkably cheerful and sprightly. Chang, on the other hand, from the debility caused by his paralysis and cold, together with a certain stupidity resulting from the use of too much stimulant, was fretful, sullen, and snappish when spoken to, which of late was his accustomed conduct. All the family retired at the usual hour. Eng's wife and children slept up stairs; the twins slept down stairs. It was 5 o'clock in the morning when one of Eng's sons heard, as he thought, a call from his uncle Chang. Responding as quickly as possible, he came down stairs and going to the side of the bed upon which his uncle Chang lay found him lying, apparently in a deep sleep, but was startled by the ghastly and singular appearance of the features, which were much darker than he had ever seen them before.

After a closer examination the boy discovered

ily came pouring into the room in their night-dresses.

While the boy still believes it was his uncle's voice that called, everybody else feels convinced that it must have been Eng, his father.

The tunnelt caused by the death of Chang, the hurry and noise in sending for the doctor and for Chang's wife and children, must have so terribly shocked Eng that his nervous system became completely prostrated, and he never uttered a word except the single expression, "And I must die, too."

WHAT THE PHYSICIANS FOUND.

Two hours from the discovery of Chang's death Drs. William Hollingsworth and Taylor arrived, only to find the twins dead.

Correspondent—How long do you think Eng had been dead when you arrived?

Dr. Hollingsworth—Not more than ten or fifteen minutes.

really beam difference to the minute in their pulsation.

THE SHOOK TO ENG.

Correspondent—What, then, in your opinion, caused Eng's death?

Dr. Hollingsworth—The greet shook and terror inspired by such a union with death, added to which was the belief which prevailed between them that when one died the other would. These combined to destroy his mental faculties and paralyze his physical energies, and he succumbed to the dread visitation.

Correspondent—You do not think, then, that if the ligament had been severed his life would have been saved?

Dr. Hollingsworth—I do not, I rather think that any operation, unless parformed immediately upon the discovery of Chang's death, would have hastened his (Eng's) death.

HOW THE DEAD BODIES LOOKED.

plank, and suitable to receive the bodies of the twins, made its appearance. 'In this the bodies of the twins were carefully placed and covered, and the coffin securely fastened. This was then encased in a large tin box, which was soldered and made siretight. Then the latter was put in a large wooden box, packed in charcoal, and made securely tight.

'After this had been completed the great case, containing all that was left of the twins, was removed to a cellar in Eng's house, where it now remains. This very respectable process, I was informed, was "temporary interment," without even the last solding rites of religion being performed over the dead.

What the proposed

"TREE DISSOSTITION of the bodies is to be I am not informed, but

their parents and are expected home at an early day.

No operation on the light and the perform an operation on the ligament with regard to accertaining whether there was an artery passing through it or not, as that would have materially interfered with prospective greenbacks, and present speculations would have been hipped in the bud. Embalmed and preserved as they are, the bodies of the twins will have a market value from which money can always be realized by those having possession of them. The ligament cut in the interest of science, the curiosity would be destroyed, and consequently the separate dead bodies would be of no value.

No INQUEST.

burial to them, and several of the junior mem-bers of the family were rehement in their ex-pressions. of indignation at the disgraceful course pursued by their Mount Airy friends and their own mothers.

A MEDICAL MISSION FOR SPECULATIVE FURFORES.

GREEN'SDOOR, N. C., Jan. 24.—Upon my arrival here this evening from Mount Airy I was in-formed on the most authentic authority that Dr. JOE Hollingsworth, while en routs for the North, stated here that his mission there was to dis-pose of the dead bodies of the twims on the most favorable terms he could negotiate. This

THE LIVE-STOCK MARKETS.

The strategy of the property o

CINCINNATI, Jan. 27.—COTTON—C

LOCAL MISCEL

THE CITY LAW DEPA

that it knows

supposes that bankers and such persons who have "correspondent sities who aid in their business, certain that the pea-nut man on a Washington and Clark streets has apondent" in New York and San Fr. they make eath that the North Si has not a dog-fight agent or cor New Orleans, whose keen eye is the man's chance of fosterin fighting business on the shores, ogan? And casmally, by way of rem so bold that he will deliberately publices Justice in Perpetuam Hany that the divorce system of Chicage iffeations in every other popular Union; that a Chicage diverse or tained in Houston, Texas, or Por without further trouble on the parplicant than the remittance of "ones," and a few particulars sent there be one so bold; if he be Mr. may of Mr. Goodrich's friends, let following letter, received at Tun yesterday morning:

To the Editor of The Chicage Tribune: Sun: Seeing an account of a divorce A Goodrich, I would wish you to do mawering me through your column four years ago, through one A House obtained a divorce in Chicage from sich. I never lived there, nor ever any divorce any good? That Goodris Somes Dusiness. Yours, etc., Nay Your, Jan. 2s., 1874.

Mrs. G. transmits the following out from a New York paper:

Divorted Editors of the Chicage from sich. I never lived there, nor ever any divorce any good? That Goodris Somes Dusiness. Yours, etc., Nay Your, Jan. 2s., 1874.

Mrs. G. transmits the following out from a New York paper:

Divorted Press breash; obtained: no part of the most far-extending s yorce-procuring that the fullowing out from a New York paper:

Divorted Press breash; obtained: no passible with the following of the most far-extending s yorce-procuring that the fluores, in the procurer of the divorce, in his great body of divorce operato. Just look at the benuties of the A., in New Orleans, wants a divormatic part of the man Goodris. Thithe and orders a Chicage divorce, recome look and the procure of the sease. She cannot conveniently for alse in unable to come become appression of the part of the part of the

HOW IT HAPPEN
The patient South-Siders who vand melancholy, yesterday mornis same omnibus, and after waitin took a snail-like Indiana avenue only enough, to know the cause hor waiting." The facts in the same to irritate them more, but, we give them. The driver committees are Large recommittees are large recommittees.

LOCAL MISCELLANY. THE CITY LAW DEPARTMENT.

fan. 77.—Brienberturrs—Flour quiet and Corumeal in fair demand and higher, at tacky at 72675a. Osta mommal.

BALTIMORE.

Jan. 77.—Barataribers—Hour in bedding: Western superine, 50.2868.25;
17.20. Wheat steady: Western spring,
Durn dull; mixed Western nominal at
ide. Hay weaker at 90.

Very strong and buoyant; pork unit shoulders, %67/26; clear rib, 8% @9c;
se jobbing demand; shoulders, 8c; clear rong and unchanged, OMIM .T

OSWEGO.

T. BERDSTUFFS Wheat dull; red

Orn dull at 786,80c.

PHILADELPHIA

Meat very dull; red, \$1,58(31.55;

Wheat very dull; red, \$1,58(31.55;

S1.57; white, \$1,80(3.59. Bys undull; new yellow, 78,382c. Oats undull)

Durrent gives the stock of bacon on hand mostly held by three houses. ales, 5,900 bains; demand good; destra-but future price. Good ordinary to exict 116;113/40; low middling to strict low 16315/40; smiddling to strict middling, good middling, 174/6. Receipts, 9,210 ts, coastwise, 935 balls; stock, 201,307

des and the same terms be support butcher with a course on credit. B. stating sent in all house the establishment in all house in the same terms be supported by the subject on the same terms of the subject on the same terms of t and a little bill, runang:

Ar. A to Chicago Diverce Agency (New Orleans
Frach), Dr. One diverce for drunkenness and desertable. Received payment.

Querces warranted for two years.)

Bow far the practice of obtaining diverces for
wolkenns in distant parts of the country
through the wire-pulling of A. Goodrich has
seen carried on, it is difficult to say. It is a
practice of years standing, evidently. There is
no grain of consolation to Mrs. Julis G. and
dees who have been beguiled by similar advertions are the diverces are necessarily wortha, having been obtained by frand. This sugwarmany complexities. Has Mrs. Julis G. marind again? She is a bigamist. Has she any
by her second marriage? It is illegitivite. What are the G.s. and others going to
be about it? For what has Mr, Goodrich pockstate his fee? Frand all round. What are the

Corporation Counsel would, like his predecessor, be easibled to attend to the ordinary legal business of the city without aid, save in exceptional secs.

Last year's appropriation bill contained an item of \$15,000 for legal expenses. That was to meet cases similar to that of Mr. Gage, or to provide for the legal assistance apeeded in defending heavy tax cases, etc. Itappears, however, that the appropriation, which was made for these special cases, is in a fair way of being exhausted. It is asserted that the professional services of Messrs. Dickey & Caulfield and of Messrs. Tuley. Stiles, and Lewis have been frequently employed.

There are now pending in the courts 569 cases in which the city is interested. Of these, 250 are law cases against the city. Involving damages to the amount of \$1,536,375.07; 168 criminal and quasi-criminal cases; 59 tax cases, and 21 cases where the city is plaintiff in city affairs. Under the old system which prevailed when Gen. Stiles was City Attorney and Mr. Tuley Corporation Counsel, the latter gave all the legal opinions required by the Common Council or city officers; attended to all tax cases, and to those in which the city was plaintiff. In addition to this, Capt. Connect, nominally an assistant in the office of the Corporation Counsel, really worked up the testimony for the city in those countless cases where suits were brought against if for damages on account of loss incurred by defective sidewalks, holes in the streets, etc. According to the Charter, the Corporation Counsel is the chief officer of the law department. He is required to conduct all the law business of the corporation Counsel in according to the Charter, the superior, and the city attorney the inferior. The general supervision of the legal business should come upon the former, and he should be the one on whom the greater share of the work should fall. If the agreement mentioned is still in force, if will be seen that the Corporation Counsel was a busy attending to his own law business that he was unable to lo

BOARD OF EDUCATION. Owing to the absence from the city of several

Owing to the absence from the city of several of its members, as well as to the fact that the night was rainy and disagreeable, there was not a quorum present of the Board of Education last night, and, consequently, no meeting was held. The Committee on Appointment of Teachers had prepared a report as follows:

Appointments—Anna Hawkins, to Haven School; Marietta L. Palmer to Clarke School.

Transfers—Hattie E. Laing, from Moseley to Lincoln; C. Lucretis Miller, from Haven to Folk Street; Mary E. Barnes, from Holden to Harrison Street; Sarah White, from Clarke to Polk Street; Kate Goggin, from Clarke to Harrison Street; Susan S. Carpenter, from Rolling Mill to Harrison Street; Clara A. Allen, from Walsh Street to Harrison Street; Elizabeth, Evans, from Walsh Street to Harrison Street; Elizabeth, Evans, from Walsh Street to Harrison Street; Louise A. Chandler, from Lincoln Street to Harrison Street; Louise A. Chandler, from Lincoln Street to Harrison Street; Louise A. Chandler, from Lincoln Street to Harrison Street; Louise A. Chandler, from Lincoln Street to Harrison Street; Louise A. Chandler, from Lincoln Street to Harrison Street; Louise O. Sitka, from Pearson Street; Louise O. Sitka, from Pearson Street; Louise O. Sitka, from Pearson Street; Prankie Foster, assistant in the Holden; Jessie Day and Minnie Throop, assistants in the Clarke; Minnie Eliel, assistant in the Pearson Street; Frankie Foster, assistant in the Mitchell Street.

Resignations—Lizzie K. von Patten, Washington School; Georgie Moody, Brown School; Nettie M. Prance W. McDowell.

The report of evening schools for the session of 1873, thirteen weeks, was submitted, showing the average attendance in the various schools. The total expense was \$6,992.08, and the cost per pupil for tuition, on total enrollment, was \$2.63, while the cost per pupil, on average attendance, was \$2.63, while the cost per pupil, on average attendance, was \$2.63, while the cost per pupil, on average attendance, was \$2.63.

BENNETT MEDICAL COLLFGE.

The commencement exercises of the Bennett Eclectic Medical College, were held last evening in the hall of the Institution, at No. 461 South Clark street. Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, an appreciative andience, composed largely of Isdies, assembled, to bid the youthful Esculapian good speed on their mission. Sixteen young gentlemen composed the graduating class, and in a brief address by Prof. A. L. Clark, they were declared Doctors of Medicine and Masters of the Art of Surgery. After the conferring of degrees and a brief musical interlude, the valedictorian, J. P. Caldwell, was announced, and promptly appeared behind the footlights and began his address. The speech possessed the merit of brevity, and was not attached with the usual sophomorical festures of such occasions. He spoke of the rapid advances made in the special line of practice they had adopted in the last few years, congratulated the world upon the additions to science that would proceed from the walls of their Alma Master, remembered the Faculty with kind expressions, and bade his classmates go forth with a determination to accomplish the trust committed to their care. This was followed by an address to the graduating class from Prof. H. Ollin, M. D., succeeded by more music and a benediction, when the class adjourned to prepare for their advent into the works of a professional life.

An ignorant and unthinking public supposes that it knows everything, but it does not. It supposes that bankers and such are the only supposes that have "correspondents" in other

George Brenner, of the Sixth Precinct Police
Station, found the dead body of a man lying in
the doorway of 77 Lake street, and on investigation found it to be that of James Scully, a
member of Quirk's Preventive Police force. The
body was taken to the Union Street Station, and
in the afternoon an inquest was held by DeputyCoroner Pilgrim, at which a verdict of "death
from apoplexy" was returned.

An adjourned meeting of the Chicago Sash,
Door and Blind Manufacturers" Association
was held in Room i, Pacific Hotel, last evening.
W. E. Frost coupied the chair. There were
saveral new names added to the list of membership, which now includes twenty-two firms.
The first business of the meeting was the election of officers for the ensuing year, which was
done with the following result: President, W.
E. Frost; Vice-President, W. Roberts; Secretary, Oscar T. Randall; Treasurer, John
O'Nell; Board of Directors, W. Roberts,
A. H. Smith, G. Hall, G. E. Church,
G. G. Robinson. A few remarks
were made by S. I. Russell and others. The
new officers next took their seats, and it was
moved that all irresponsible persons be excluded
from the Association, and that a black list of
such names be kept by the Secretary for the reference of the members, as a measure for the
protection of the builders and mill-owners of
the city, against swindling contractors. The
meeting then adjourned.

An immense congregation, composed mainly
of ladies thronged St. James' Catholic Church,

that it knows everything, but it does not. It supposes that bankers and such are the only persons who have "correspondents" in other eities who aid in their business. Are people certain that the pes-nut man on the corner of Washington and Clark streets has not a "correspondent" in New York and San Francisco? Can they make oath that the North Side dog-fighter has not a dog-fight agent or correspondent at New Orleans, whose keen eye is always open to the man's chance of fostering the dog-fighting business on the shores, of Lake Michigan? And casually, by way of remark, is any one so hold that he will deliberately present himself before Justice in Perpetuann Banyon and swear that the divorce system of Chicago has not ramifications in every other popular centre in the Union; that a Chicago divorce cannot be obtained in Houston, Texas, or Portland, Maine, without further trouble on the part of the applicant than the remittance of "fee after decree," and a few particulars sent by mail? If there be one so bold; if he be Mr. Goodrich or any of Mr. Goodrich's friends, let him 'read the following letter, received at The Tainure office paterday morning:

Total Paternal Morning on A. House, of this city, I stand a divorce in Chicago Tribune:

Sin: Seeing an account of a divorce expose of ope A. Goodrich, I would wish you to do me the favor of awarding me through your voluments the following:

Total years ago, through one A. House, of this city, I stand a divorce in Chicago Tribune.

Bry York, Jan. 24, 1874.

Mrs. G. transmits the following advertisement, mit from a New York paper:

Difforces legally obtained; no publicity; no fee in advasce. M. HUUSE, Attorner, 194 Broadway.

Il requires an intellect of no unusual capacity to grap the fact that Chicago is the centre of one of the most far-extending systems of divorce and the procured of the the human imagination an conceive, while the man Goodrich, here noted as the procuring that the human imagination an conceive, while the man Goodrich, here noted as the procuring that t the city, against swindling contractors. The meeting then adjourned.

An immense congregation, composed mainly of ladies, thronged St. James' Catholic Church, on Prairie avenue, yesterday morning, the same of the concourse being the ordination of a priest. The candidate for ordination was Maurice Dorney, of this city, and of the parish of St. James. He is 23 years of age, and was educated at the Catholic Seminary at Baltimore. The services, which are very impressive and absorbing, were protracted for nearly an hour and a half, and were followed by the congregation very closely. The rite was conferred by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Foley, assisted by the Revs. Fathers Riordan, Conway, Waldron, Daniel Biordan, Dunne, Cartin, O'Neil, Maguire, and O'Connor. The newly-ordained priest will enter at once upon the functions of his office wherever the Bishop shall be pleased to appoint him.

appoint him.

An amusing scene occurred at the Criminal Court yesterday afternoon. An old negro woman of heroulean proportions was waiting in the Sheriff's office as a witness in the case against Mike Jones, and, at the proper time, Bailinf Probston was sent down to fetch her up. On being ordered up-stairs, she expressed a wish to be unattended by the Bailinf, who, however, insisted gallantly on escorting her. "Well," said the old amazon, "if you must come with me, come along," and, suiting the action to the word, she caught the Bailinf in her muscular arms, and, despite his struggles, carried him out of the Sheriff's office into Clark street, and thence into the Criminal Court, where she deposited her load much to the amusement of Court, clerks, jury, Bailing, and spectators.

amusement of Court, clerks, jury, Bailins, and spectators.

BR. SYERTS.

It will be remembered that the subject of the controversy between Dr. Everts and Dr. Burroughs, or rather between Dr. Everts and the Executive Committee of the Board of Trustees of the Chicago University, was referred to a special committee of two descons of the First Baptist Church, Messra B. F. Jacobs and Cyrus Bentley, who were instructed to consider the matter and report thereon. It appears most likely, however, that the Special Committee will take no action upon the abject, and that their course will be imitated by the cits denoused the shurch. It special that

deacons, or the church as a body, should take any action whatever upon the matter. It is, therefore, expected that, so far as they are concerned, the entire matter will be allowed to drop, unless, indeed, some further action on the part of Dr. Burroughs or the Executive Committee should make it necessary for the deacons to again resume the subject.

WEAT THE CONTANT THINE.

Mr. Bradley, President of the West Side Railway Company, thinks that the Company at wind hours it shall run its cars after 12 o'clock at night. He thinks that the concession made in running as 12-o'clock car ought to satisfy west Sidera, and that the Company ought not to be expected to run hourly cars for the benefit of a lot of dead-beats. He expresses no decided aversion to running a couple of cars between midnight and 6 in the morning, at such time as it is likely that they will be well crowded with passengers. The feeling among the West Siders remains unchanged, they universally thinking that they ought not to be shut off from communication with the city all night long. Wherever the opposition comes from that hinders the West Side from enjoying a boon which has done much to develop the South Side of the city, it is not from the employee of the road, as a Tarburk reporter discovered, in the contres of conversation with both drivers and conductors on the road, that many of them would prefer the night trips, since their pay would be somewhat increased,

GREAT WESTERN TELEGRAPH.

The annual stockholders' meeting of the Great Western Telegraph Company was held at their rooms, 127 LaSalle street, yesterday afternoon. The meeting was well attended. The President's, Treasurer's, and Secretary's reports were read and approved, together with that of the Superintendent, which is as follows:

At your last annual meeting of the stockholders, I suggested the fact that it would be necessary to complete the line from Springfield to St. Louis, and from Kanass City to St. Louis, in order to make the property a valuable one to the stockholders. This has not been a complished, owing to the fact that legsl proceedings were commenced immediately after the last annual meeting, which operated as an injunction to all construction or permanent repairs that were not absolutely required for the working of the line. The section of the Company, these situated south of Gunaha has been operated the past year, as it was the year previous, at a loss to the Company, owing to slack of facilities, which would be overcome by a line to St. Louis, Mo., from Kanasa City, and from Springfield, Ill., to St. Louis. The offices on this line would then become a source of revenue, instead of a loss, as at present. The lines in Illinois and Wisconsin have been as usual a source of profit, as also have a portion of the lines in Iowa. It has been, and shall continue to be, the policy of this Company to make its rates as low as a fay profit to the stockholders will allow. The line during nearly the whole year having been under the control of the agent and in bankrupicy, it has been impossible to build, make contracts, or in any way strengthen the Company has expended on repairs the past year, the sum of \$6,189,49. The net profits of the last three months of 1878, being \$1,980,38 over 1872. This fact shows that an improvement has been made. The gross cerulings of the company has been, and now is, in such an incomplete condition that its true value cannot be estimated. I do not heat-tat to state that with a s

tate to state that with a small amount of expenditure in completing the lines named, that satisfactory earnings can and will be made.

An election was held for Directors with the following result: Joshua Stark, Milwaukee; Charles E. Kearny, Kanssa City; John F. Bonnett, Chicago; C. R. Rix, Topeka, Kan.; Alexander Street, Kanuss City; W. C. Deakman, Chicago; D. L. Clark, Newton, Iowa; R. B. Frary, Lamoille, Iowa; O. D. Bond, Chicago; D. C. Farrell, Peoria, Ill.; James Clark, Utics, Ill.

CORRESPONDENCE. THE COUNTY HOSPITAL.

J. P. Caldwell, was announced, and promptly appeared behind the footlights and began his address. The speech possessed the merit of brevity, and was not attended with the usual sophomorical features of such occasions. He spoke of the rapid advances made in the special line of practice they had adopted in the last few years, congratulated the world upon the additions to occine that would proceed from the walls of their Alma Mater, remembered the Faculty with kind expressions, and bade his classmases go forth with a determination to accomplish the trust committed to their care. This was followed by an address to the graduating class from Prof. H. Olin, M. D., succeeded by more music and benediction, when the class adjourned to prepare for their advent into the works of a professional life.

The following named graduates appear on the roster of the institution for its tenth annual session: J. P. Caldwell, Illinois: Floyd Glendenin, Illinois: C. S. Stoddard and George A. Love, Minnessots; William H. Baboock, S. G. Wright, W. H. Robbins, J. H. Terrell, and L. R. William H. Baboock, S. Q. Wright, W. H. Robbins, J. H. Terrell, and L. R. William H. Baboock, S. Q. Wright, W. H. Robbins, J. H. Terrell, and L. R. William H. Baboock, S. Q. Wright, W. H. Robbins, J. H. Terrell, and L. R. William H. Baboock, S. Q. Wright, W. H. Robbins, J. H. Terrell, and L. R. William H. Baboock, S. Q. Wright, W. H. Robbins, J. H. Terrell, and L. R. William H. Baboock, S. Q. Wright, W. H. Robbins, J. R. Terrell, and L. R. William H. Baboock, S. Q. Wright, W. H. Robbins, J. R. Terrell, and L. R. William H. Baboock, S. Q. Wright, W. H. Robbins, J. R. Terrell, and L. R. William H. Baboock, S. Q. Wright, W. H. Robbins, J. R. Terrell, and L. R. William H. Baboock, S. Q. Wright, W. H. Robbins, J. R. Terrell, and L. R. William H. Baboock, S. Q. Wright, W. H. Robbins, J. R. Terrell, and L. R. William H. Baboock, S. Q. Wright, W. H. Robbins, J. R. Terrell, and L. R. William H. Baboock, S. Q. Wright, W. H. Robbins, J. R. Terrell, and L. R. William H.

sion: J. P. Childred and George A. Love, Minnesots: William H. Babcock, S. G. Wright, W. H. Robbins, J. H. Terrell, and L. R. Williams. Illinois: Charles L. Gish and William H. Chappell, Wisconsin; George W. McKinney and J. A. Hiatt, Indians; J. D. Hamilton, Kansas; E. M. Heffelfinger, Iowa; and Daniel McLean, Michigan.

GENERAL NEWS.

About 7 o'clock yestarday morning, Officer George Brenner, of the Sixth Precinct Police Station, found the dead body of a man lying in the doorway of 77 Lake street, and on investigation found it to be that of James Scully, a member of Quirk's Preventive Police force. The member of Quirk's Preventive Police force and suffering condition of the Hospital is to blanch the member of Quirk's Preventive Police force. The member of Quirk's Preventive Police force and suffering condition of the Hospital and various diseases, twenty or thirty in one room.

What do you think of this, wealthy citizens of Cook County, with your large and airy rooms, and pleasant views for your large and suffer) you who support large and magnificent churches, and pleasant views for your large and suffer) you who support large and mag

If I am informed rightly, the ability and disinterestedness of the medical staff of the Hospital is beyond question.

They are men of wide reputation, not surpassed in the highest literary and medical attainments, willing to devote their most valuable time to the relief of the sick and dying, looking only to the future for their reward.

Camnot something be done at once to induce our Commissioners to take proper steps to build one of the finest, most commodious, and suitable hospitals in the country, and thus ald this little band of self-sarficing men, possessed di warm hearts, noble and generous impulses, who are always alive to the wants of suffering and the pecuniary interests of the country, and thus prove a blessing to

ALL-NIGHT CARS.

ALL-NIGHT CABS.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribuna:
Stri: I am delighted to see that the representatives of the people in the Common Council have determined to press the claims of the public sgainst the obstinacy of the West Division Street-Car Company. The ordinance prepared by Ald. Moore is one which meets with the hearty approbation of every resident of the West Division, except perhaps Mr. Webb, the able and obliging Suparintendent of that corporation. The order is a most reasonable one. Now let the Company act up to it, without creating any more trouble, and if their obstinacy or reluctance, or whatever you may call it, is concentrated in the person of Mr. Webb, let the officers scurre the valuable services of somebody else. The people are in earnest and insist upon their rights. The Council has done its duty in the passage of the ordinance; now let the people do theirs. Let every West-Sider who is disappointed in catching a car between the hours named in the ordinance, show sufficient public spirit and anxiety to help himself by summoning the officers of the Company before Justice Scully and testifying against them. This is the only way in which the ordinance can be made of any effect. The thin end of the wedge is in; now let press and public hammer away.

ALD, SCHATYKER AND THE SWINE'S FOOD.

thin end of the wedge is in, now as present.

ALD, SCHATYKER AND THE SWINE'S FOOD.

The following is a correct statement, as written down by me for future reference, within five hours after its occurrence, which was in the Mayor's office, Dec. 23, 1873. Present—Mayor Colvin, Aldermen McGrath, Heath, Schaffner, F. A. Hoffman, Jr., and myself.

Ald, Schaffner—If these people are starving, let them gather the food that is left from the hotel and restaurant tables. Now, in many of our large hotels, many dishes are served to the guests, of which they eat but a mouthful or two, and the rest is taken and put in the swill barrel. It is perfectly clean.

Now, I was in the St. Elmo restaurant about two weeks ago with a friend, Mr. ——, A nice porterhouse-steak was brought him and he ate but a few mouthfuls, and, as the waiter was taking it sway, I called him back and saked him what they did with it. He said: "We put it in the swill-barrel." I said, "My God; can you not find something better to do with it?" And it is carted away to feed swine. Now, if these people are starving, let them get it—not come and put a dagger to my throat demanding that I drives what I have been prudeut and saved.

Mr. McAnliffe—De you propose that this refuse be gathered for or by the people?

Ald, Schaffner—Most certainly. It is good enough for them. A starving man should not be too particular;—not come and put a dagger to my throat, making demands.

Mr. McAnliffe—We do not want the remnants.

CRIMINAL.

was held for trial under bonds of \$1,200.

At the West Side Police Court yesterday moraing, the greater part of Justica Scully's time was taken up in trying the cases of the male and female inmates of a low dancing-house which had been pulled the night before, who added to the city's revenues sums varying from \$25 to \$50. The case of the girl Lucy Phelps came up, and resulted in her acquittal.

been pulied the night before, who added to the city's revenues sums varying from \$25 to \$50. The case of the girl Lucy Phelps came up, and resulted in her acquittal.

At the South Side Police Court the monotony of the morning was relieved by the trial of John P. King and John Kennedy, proprietors of a photograph lottery on Clark street. The evidence was conclusive against them and they were fined \$100 and \$50 respectively. The case was appealed by Trude, their counsel, to the Oriminal Court. Justice Boyden says that the city is bound to put down this nuisance, if it becomes necessary to arrest the parties three times a day. Justice Boyden administered a rebuke to aceak thieves by holding in \$300 bonds a young man named David Tooley charged with stealing a \$35 overcoat. The coat, which was found in his posession, had been removed from a saloon in which he had passed some time, and the Justice failed to place implicit faith in the assertice of the prisoner that he had bought it for \$2.50.

At the Oriminal Court another full day was consumed in trying the apparently interminable case against Michael Jones. The examination of the witnesses being over two hours on the stand Before they were allowed to depart. The witnesses penerally are very straight in their evidence against the prisoner. The most amusing of them was Mrs. Ann Osborne, a colored lady of about 50 summers, and 250 pounds avoirdupois. From the evidence it appeared that Jones had been in the habit of "going with" her daughter, and the intimacy had resulted in the gesting up of an elegant troussesu, and the engaging of the services of a minister, which were, however, never required, Jones clearing out a day before the intended ceremony. The testimony of this witness strengthened that of others who had known the prisoner by the name of M. H. Me-Henry, which is that of the sadress on the bouse of stolen goods forwarded to this city. The ponderous old lady loss her temper under the cross-examination, which elicited the fact that the young girl Jones courted

City Collector Von Hollen is busy preparing for the collection of the tax due on personal property. The collection of the tax on realty will be commenced next week.

Affairs about the City Hall yesterday would be Anairs about the City Hall yesterday would be quoted on 'Change as dull and nominal. The Mayor's office presented none of that bustle and excitement by which it has been characterized within the past week.

within the past week.

The Board of Police Commissioners held their regular meeting, but adjourned without transacting any business beyond receiving the appointment of Capt. Hickey, and qualifying that officer by administering the cath of office.

There will be a special meeting of the Common Council Thursday evening, to consider and pass upon the bonds of Louis Wahl as member of the Board of Public Works. It is also stated to be the intention of Mayor Colvin to present the name of Dr. John Guerin for the position of City Physician.

The Board of Public Works received proposals

City Physician.

The Board of Public Works received proposals for the construction of barn quarters for the small-pox hospital, but held the same, eight in number, ranging from \$475 to \$839 for the work for future action. The same disposition was made of three bids for dredging and docking the river at Twenty-second street.

Town Collector Cleary notified the several banking corporations that had neglected the payment of taxes levied against them that unless the same were discharged by 1 o'clock to-day, he should seize the funds and place custodians in possession of their institutions. The banks will either pay what as claimed to be due, enjoin their collection, or temporarily suspend business this afternoon.

this afternoon.

The action of the two branches of the People's party, in confirming Hickey and Wahl, has had the effect of uniting the factions, which at one time seemed likely to be permanently separated. A week ago their relative positions might have been compared to that of Othello when he contemplates reaching for Iago. To-day a judicious compromise has served to make them brothers in nnity. Next.

in anity. Next.

THE WEEK'S MORTALITY.

The Sanitary Superintendent submitted yesterday to the Board of Health his report of the mortality for the week, from which it appears that there were 111 deaths, males 63, and females 48. There were 18 deaths by convulsions, 11 by consumption, 10 by pneumonia, and 6 by smallbox. The largest mortality was in the Fifteenth Ward, and the smallest in the Second. The Superintendent also reported that small-pox is decreasing, a result due to the vigilance of the Sanitary Inspectors. The Health Officer reported that heliad condemned a lot of pease at a South Water street store. The owner was notified not to sell any more, and the proper officers were notified to see the order was obeyed.

PERSONAL.

Gen. H. S. Lansing leaves this city to day to keep appointments made in behalf of the Centen-nial Board of Finance in Milwaukee, Madison, St. Paul, and Indianapolis, and will return here about the 13th proximo. Mr. William Harris, who had been a resident

arr. William Estris, who had been a resource of Chicago for over twenty-two years, died westerday morning at his house, No. 154 West Adams street, aged 65 years, He leaves a family, and a large number of friends, by whom he was beloved and respected.

SUBURBAN NEWS

It has for some time been intended to return the New Year's calls of the Rev. D. S. Johnson, paster of the First Presbyterian Church, in Hyde Park, by a mass meeting of all his flock at his own house in a surprise party. The continuous weeks of prayer, and the great religious interest, left no time for the purpose until Monday evening; for which time the session and Trustees asked that no meeting at the church be announced, as they had determined to hold a special meeting for parish work. When questioned specially by the paster as to what kind of parish work was intended, Judge Williams answered. "Now! cannot you trust me in this thing?" The paster replied: "Yes! I can trust you in anything." So the good pastor felt free to accept the kind invitation of Judge Higgins to dine with him at Kenwood Monday, and as sooner had the carriage left his door than his house was entered by the back way, and full possession was taken by a score of ladies, who specifily transformed it by decoration with flowers and other arrangements.

At 7 o'clock the parish visitation began, and soon the house was crasmed full of the good people who had raceived written invitations saveral days before.

At 8 o'clock the parish visitation began, and soon the house was crasmed full of the good people who had raceived written invitations saveral days before.

At 8 o'clock the parish visitation of the late dines, and who came to their own door uttarly unconscious of what was going on. Mrs. Johnson came in first, and was taken care of by the lady conspirators. He tried to run away, but was overtaken by Judge Hibbard, and was borns in his stalwart arms through the assembled crowd into the midst of them all, where he was censored by John I. Bennett, who welcomed hum home on behalf of his people, who had commissioned him him to express their appreciation of his frequent ministrations to them in their spiritual, intallectual, and physical wants. They felt bound to him, therefore, by a threefold cord of faith, hope, and love, sand would ondeavor to re

trusted with it, and twenty ladies on the Committee.

Much credit is due to Mrs. Judge Williams, Mrs. Judge Higgins, Mrs. Charles Ritchcock, Mrs. C. B. Nelson, and Mrs. James H. Cole for the decided grand success of the whole affair.

The officers of the Insane Asylum at Elgin anticipate completing the greation of the new south wing that has been in process of construction for some time early in March. The addition has capacity for 225 patients, and, at its opening, the officers will ask as appropriation of \$45,000 for the support of its inmates.

LAND FOR THE POOR.

To the Editor of The Chicago Trabuse:

Sin: The Wisconsin Legislature is getting up a petition to Congress for the purpose of securing the carrying out of the provisions of a bill presented to the latter body, a few weeks ago, by Gen. Butler, of Massachusetta. Said bill provides that the Government shall supply actual settlers with free transportation to the public lands, and provide farming implements, together with a year's provisions, to all settlers who are willing to leave the crowded cities and make an willing to leave the crowded cities and make an independent living for themselves; the Govern-ment to get a mortgage on the farm for the amount lent, to be paid in seven or fourteen

amount lent, to be paid in seven or fourteen years, at 7 per cent interest.

The passage of such a law would clear our over-crowded cities of a great many persons who cannot get employment, and who are starving half their time. We would have very few paupers; and those persons who are imbued with Communistic ideas would have every opportunity to develop their muscles, while, at the same time, they would be developing the resources of the Great West. Such a law would make our country prosperous and wealthy. It would give every time, they would be developing the resources of the Great West. Such a law would make our country prosperous and wealthy. It would give every man an opportunity of having a farm of his own, and of being independent; while our Government would sustain no loss, but receive a great benefit, as it would be receiving a lawful interest for the money losned, and as it would increase the commerce and revenue of the country. It would bring forth and develop the resources and rich tressures that are hidden in the bowels of the earth. It would make our country one of the mest prosperous nations on God's earth. We request our State Legislature to do as the Legislature to do as the Legislature of Wisconsin is doing, and use its abilities to forward this good work; and we'll hear no more of Workingmen's Unions or Communistic Societies, for any man not too lany to work will, have an opportunity of making a decent and respectable living, where he cannot be skinned by iron and railroad monopolists; nor will he have any occasion to be crowding the steps of the Reislet and Aid Society. If the \$600,000 expended on the poor by the latter-named Society had been devoted to the above purpose, it would have been smilicient to pay the fares, to purchase a year's food, and to buy agricultural implements, for the poor workmen of Chicago.

If our legislators have any interest in the workingmen and the welfare of their country, they will try to forward the above bill.

THE ILLINOIS REPORTS.

Adams street, agod 66 years. He leaves a family, and a large number of friends, by whom he was beloved and respected.

In the report of the proceedings of the social gathering of ministers at the Pacific Hotel Monday, it was stated that the Rev. Arthur Mitchell, referring to the old Ministerial Associated. "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord." It appears that by some mistake the reporter put in the mouth of Mr. Mitchell a remark made by some other speaker.

We have ascertained, by inquiry from one of the officers of the Rev. Robert Lard Collier's church, that Mr. D. A. Gage is not now and never has been a Trustee of that church, Some years age a committee called the "Standig Committee was considered the "Standig Committee was connected with the church society, the functions of which seem to be mil, as the Committee seldom or never meets. The original propose of this Committee are to print, and all that can be had. There are many years age a committee was to give after the control of the States are many years age. Committee are to be mil, as the Committee seldom or never meets. The original propose of this Committee are to practice of law, and it is utterly impossible for them to obtain the Illinois Reports are respected by the Courts of all the States observed to business connected with the church properly. Mr. Gage, though not a member of the church properly. Mr. Gage, though not a member of the church properly. Mr. Gage, though not a member of the church properly. Mr. Gage, though not a member of the church properly. Mr. Gage, though not a member of the church properly. Mr. Gage, though not a member of the church properly. Mr. Gage, though not a member of the church properly. Mr. Gage, though not a member of the church properly. Mr. Gage, though not a member of the church properly. Mr. Gage, though not a member of the church properly. Mr. Gage, though not a member of the church properly. Mr. Gage, though not a member of the church properly. Mr. Gage, though not a member of the church properly. Mr. Gage,

AMUSEMENTS.

HOOLEY'S OPERA HOUSE. NILSSON!
EXTRA ANNOUNCEMENT.
NILSSON PAREWELL MATINER, AT HOOLEY'S
OPERA HOUSE

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, Jan. 28, at 2 o'clk,
Meser, M. & M. Straknooth have the home to associate
one Grand MILSSON FAREWELL MATTINE (on the
company's way to Boston for Wednesday afternoon, Jan.
20 o'clk, Markey Mills Mattine (or the
company's way to Boston for Wednesday afternoon, Jan.
20 o'clk, Mills Wellow, defore open at 1), when Madanes
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McVICKER'S THEATRE. Exceptionent of the Brilliant Young Actress.

Who will appear every evening till further notice in her intense rendition of MILLE CORA, in the famous play of "ARTICLE 47." Saturday—CLARA MORRIS MATINEB. In active preparation—"ALIXE." Seats can be secured six days in advance.

HOOLEY'S THEATRE.

MARRIED LIFE. melude with the laughable Comedy,
HIS LAST LEGS.

Thurvday Tem Taylor's bashtiful Comedy, OVER-LAND ROUTE. John Dillon as Mr. Lovibond. Menday, Tneeday, and Wednasday Matines, Feb. 2, 2, and 4—Sig. TOMMASU SALVINI. MYERS' OPERA-HOUSE,

Arlington Cotton & Kemble's Minstrels Bobbs Newcomb, F. B. Wilson, Billy Rice, Ermed Lordon, Mark Gro. Davengurt, Was. Arlianton, Sen Lordon, Burth Gro. Davengurt, Was. Arlianton, Sen The whole to considerate mixed in the pince, con-titled A SLIPPERY DAY by the matter pince, con-titled A SLIPPERY DAY by the matter company. Beerg Reventage and dasarday Ratinos. Will shortly appear, the unrivaled Song and Da-Arthus, WALTERS and MORTON. HOOLEY'S THEATRE.

SALVINI SALVINI TWO NIGHTS and WEDNESDAY MATINER.

MOSDAY EVESTOR, 980. I - INCOMAR. SALVINI IN REINCOMAR EVESTOR, 980. I - INCOMAR. SALVINI IN REFURBURA ELIZABETH, Quises of England, SALVINI In his frances role, Lank OF EREX.
WEDSTEDDAY MATTERS (by request) - OTHELLO.

SALVINI In his grand imperionation, OTHELLO.

Reserved bests, St and H.M. scoording to location.

Admission, 11. Family Circle, 50c. Sale commences

Physical Section (1998).

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. OHN E OWENS.
This Afternoon as 1,
SELF.

To-night, first representation of CALEB PLUMMER TABLEAUX WITH MUSIC. Trinity M. E. Church, Indiana-av. near Twent fourth-et., THURSDAY EVENING, Jan. 29. FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

GLOBE THEATRE, This Afternoon 254, Evening 8 o'clock SHARPLEY, SHERIDAN & MACK'S BIG SEROW. GRAND MATINEE SATURDAY. ADELPHI THEATRE.

THE GREAT ADELPHT OPENS WITH A MAMMOTH VARIETIES COMPANY, NEXT MONDAY, Feb. 2. First Mathuse, Wodnesday, Depot foot of Labost, and foot of Twenty-s. Feb. 4. OROVER, RICE & CO. office, 131 Randolphote, near Clark.

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ALL THE ENGLISH, GREENER, BRIGHEST AND
FRENCH STRAR-SHAP LINES. Wants Good Houses to act as Agents
la all the Principal Cities of the United States.
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PROPOSALS.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Scaled proposals will be received by the Board of Regents of Normal Schools of Wisconsia, until 12 o'clock m., Saturday, Feb. 18, 1878, for the construction of a Normal Scale Building and appearings, to be secreted at the Williage of River Falls, Fierce Co., Wis., in accordance with plans and escaledating pressure by N. R. School and the Williage of River Falls, Fierce Co., Wis., in accordance with plans and escaledating property by N. R. School and the Control of th pring of 18%, and queried on regularly through the second of 1874, and completed, ready for occupancy, by the 1st day of Angust, 1874, read completed, ready for occupancy, by the 1st day of Angust, 1874, read completed, ready for occupancy, by the 1st day of Angust, 1874, read on the first Thursday of each mouth, to the attent of 50 per cont of the value thereof, upon the certified estimates of the 50 perfects and the product of the certified outlineases of the 50 perfects and the light of the whole by the temperature of the fields for part only, state what part, or parts; if hids are for the whole by, tate that.

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Regular or the state of Scand Reserved Regular of Scand of Scand Reserved Regular of Scand Regular of Scand Reserved Regular of Scand Regular of

DISSOLUTION NOTICE. DISSOLUTION. The firm of Chas. Commentum & Co., is this day dis-sived, Mr. T. H. B. Comments reflecting. The business of this firm of he confining ashers to the offer more mane, by G. Gorneschnik. Office of the Commentum of the Co. Oriental Building, Room 14, Uniongo, Duc. 8, 1872.

SCALES. FAIRBANKS! SCALES PATRBANKS, MORSE & CO

SACRED MUSIC BOOKS.

BAUMBACH'S SACRED QUARTETS.
BAUMBACH'S NEW COLLECTION.
BUCK'S MOTETTE COLLECTION.
BUCK'S SECOND MOTETTE COLLECTION
TRINITY COLLECTION. Hodges and

The above five books are filled with music of rare areal lence, suited to Quartet and other choirs. All becks spate, postgrand, for retail price. Oliver Ditson & Co., Boston. Chas. H. Ditson & Co., 711 Broadway, New York.

LYON & HEALY, CHICAGO. BUY THE

"BOYS" OWN."

INDIAN STORY. Newsdealers sell it for FIVE CENTS. SAILROAD TIME TABLE.

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Special Inducements. Great New Houts. A., T. & St.

L. R. W. E. WERR, Good Agri.

and, somer of Van Boren and Sherman-sis. Ticket after, Grand Pacific Hotel, poster harrier of Larry to dreit Omaha, Leevenw'th Atchison Es 10 45 a. m. \* 4 20 p. m. Foru Accommodation. \* 5 :00 p. m. \* 5 :31 a. m. Right Express. \* 10:00 p. m. 7 6 db a. m. Pepot, Van Buren-et., foot of LaSalle-et. Takes afters, northwest corner Clark and Randolphats., and southered corner Canal and Mudison-sis.

Saff Canal and Madison. 41

East Lores, Arrivs, 6:10 a. m. 10:40 p. m. 250 p. m. 15:10 p. m. 15:30 a. m. 10:40 p. m. 15:30 a. m. 15:30 p. m. 15:30 p. m. 15:30 p. m. 15:30 p. m. CHICAGO. INDIANAPOLIS & CINCINNATI THROUGH LINE VIR KANKAKEE ROUTE. Brue the Great Central Rotherd Repet, foot of Labore. Tokkel office, 121 Manufolyth d., space over Clark; 31 Le-Salle-d., copper Brakington, and at Himste Central Depot.

Express 5 8 80 p. m. (5 8 2 m. m.)

MEDICAL CARDS. NO ONE SHOULD FAIL TO CALL OF DR. A. G. OLIN, GS Enachaphes, corner fitain, in editors and inorpest-established physician in this city in the tensions of physical diseases in all their verted one complicated forms. Experience has omabled him to perfect the contract of t

DR. C. BIGELOW CONFIDENTIAL PHYSICIAN,

NO CURE! DR. KEAN
300 South Clark-st., Chicago,
May be confidentially consulted, personally or by mail
free of charge, on all chronis or mercons discusses.
DR. J. Ed. He is the only physicism in the city who was
rante curve or no pay. Green Root, Illustrated, is seen

Mathey Caylus' Capsules,

Used for over Swanty years with great present by the superiors of Fairs. New York and London, forward all London to the substant for the prompt own of all the charge present by CLUS & CUE, 16 Box Section, Posts.

TERMS OF THE TRIBUNE

y by mail.....\$12.00 | Sunday......\$2.50

TO-DAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

HOOLEY'S THEATRE-Randolph street, loser and LaSulla, Afternoon: Steakosch Opera-Tracon in "Frening: Regular com Married Life" and "Ris Last Log-

## The Chicago Tribune.

Wednesday Morning, January 28, 1874

Minister Bancroft reports that the credit of the United States is falling in Germany. He stributes the decline to the delay in bri our currency to par, the numerous failures railroad companies to pay their interest, and the increase of the public debt.

that 24 Senators are in favor of the bill pending or compulsory education, and 25 are oppos to it. Of the two other Senators, one is abo this showing, the vote will be very close, but the fate of the bill will depend on the character of the amendments which may be made to it.

Gov. Carpenter, of Iowa, was inaugurated a DesMoines yesterday. Industrial topics were the main theme of his inaugural address. He opolies imposed on them, among which he places the protective tariff. The General As embly was urged to consider legislation to invite capital to the State, and increase its factories

Mr. Waite yesterday resigned the Preside of the Ohio Constitutional Convention, from which he was so unexpectedly summoned to the bade his fellow-members farewell in a few modest and well-chosen words, in which he made The Convention met him evidently in the same spirit, and appointed a committee of nine to express their feelings in a series of resolutions.

wemen had no right to fill school offices, and in Massachusetts, the Boston School Committee declared by a vote of 46 ion stayed in their places and voted for their

and ordering a new election has caused a great servatives and Liberals both hope to return to the new Parliament with a majority. Mr. Bradlaugh mades public his belief that it will contain a larger force of Radicals than any previous Parliament. The little band of two, so gal-lantly headed by Sir Charles Dilke and Auberon Herbert, will find itself large enough to prevent the Conservatives from keeping office if they get it, and to make the Liberal party more libsral than it promises to be.

and that State Treasurers bereafter be required to file a bond in the penal sum of \$5,000,000 before entering on their duties. The present Treasurer has funds in his hands to the int of two or three millions, and the sesurity he has given the State is a \$200,000 bond. The Committee finds that, despite the utterly inadequate amount of their bonds, the Treasarers of the State have all been faithful, but thinks it wise to exact a bond which shall be more of a guarantee for the safe-keeping of the

sparate session for United States Senator. thirty-two candidates received votes. The real contest will not begin till to-day, when the Houses meet for joint ballot and continue in session till a choice is made. The Reformers feel confident that they will be able to elect their man, as their sancus night before last numbered 76 votes, and it requires but 71 to elect. Ex-Senator Pomeroy is in Topeka, estensibly to attend to that bribery case in which he is interested, but a good many people will suspect that he is

ats which has occurred for some me past on either side of the Atlantic. Two serious injuries to a large number of passengers.

The agitation in England for a Government this inexcusable catastrophe. The disasters on British roads have become so frequent and fata that the newspapers of that country declare the accidents to be the safe arrivals of trains, and

was active, and 20@25c per bri lower, or and 20@25c per bri lower, or at \$14.30 cash, and \$14.70 seller March. was active, and 5c per 100 lbs lower, clossing at \$9.20 cash, and \$9.50 seller March. Means quiet and firm, at 55c for shoulders, 65c nor tribs, \$69.5c for short clear, and \$9.6c for sweet pickled hams. Dressed hogs moderately active and firmer, closing at \$14.70 be. Highwines were quiet who doubts that every one of such buildings will ing at \$14.30 cash, and \$14.70 seller March. Lard was active, and 5c per 100 lbs lower, closing at \$9,20 cash, and \$9.50 celler March. Meats were quiet and firm, at 51/40 for shoulders, 61/40 for short ribs, 8@81/40 for short clear, and 91/4@

and firmer at 96@97c per gallon. Plour was dull ver, closing at \$1.23% cash, and \$1.26% seller ch. Corn was active, and ic lower, cle at 57% cash, and 59% c seller March. Oats 2c higher, at 80c for regular. Barley was quiet and unchanged. On the evening of Saturday wheat, 1,824,661 bu corn, 638,445 bu oats, 66,835 bu rye, and 845,092 bu barley. Live bogs opened fairly active and firm, but closed 5@15c lower, at \$5.10@5.80. Cattle were more active and essier. Sheep were firm.

Most of yesterday was spent by the members of the Order of B'nai B'rith in c The persecutions of the Jews of Roumania, and noble work of Mr. Peixotto, who went to Bucharest to alleviate its horrors, was brought before the Convention in a communica-tion from the Hon.. Simon Wolf, of of the B'uai B'rith for his services, were ref to the Committee on Roumania. The Commit-tee on Endowment presented two reports. The majority submitted that in the present state of the order it was inexpedient to begin any gen-eral endowment fund for their widows and orphans. The minority took the opposite view. and reported a plan for the establi such funds by the lodges. This was rejected by the Convention by a vote of 77 to 54. The majority report was adopted by 68 to 57.

truth of the report of Livingstone's death, but must yield to the official dispatch which was received by the British Government yesterds from Zanzibar. It confirms the previous state ment that his death was caused by exposure in crossing some marshes, in which he was up to his waist in water for hours. Ten of his men died from the same cause. His remains are or their way to Zanzibar, where they will arrive in February. The date of the great traveler's death is still uncertain. A letter received from Brenner, the German explorer of Africa, says that it occurred Aug. 15, 1872. The other ac ounts place it in June. If Brenner is correct Doctor must have died a very few days after he last letter to his brother John, which was written in August at Unyanyemb, on the eve of his departure for the interior.

Senator Morton has introduced into the te a project for the Federal supervision nter-State railroads, and accompanies it with a studied argument in favor of the right of Congress to regulate the rates and management of such corporations. He rests his case on the power given Congress by the Constitution to regulate commerce between the States. The appeal to State charters he answers by saying that State can make no contract with railroad companies carrying on commerce between the State that would limit the power of Congress. Th State cannot obstruct such commerce directly by tax or other interference, and it certainly car not delegate to a corporation a power it not itself possess. In the absence of legislation by Congress, States may regulate the State commerce that passes through their territory; but, when Congress assume its jurisdiction, they must yield to its superior claim. Railroad companies en-gaged in inter-State commerce accept their charters from the States subject to this right of Congress. In defense of the expediency of his scheme, Senator Morton dwelt at length on the inability of the States acting separately to control the great railroad corporations, and on the danger that one State might levy crippling tribute on the trade of half-a-dezen others.

CHICAGO IN 1874.

Macaulay's New Zealander sitting amid the ruins of Chicago is now singing his dirge in the columns of the Cincinnati Commercial. A few weeks ago the same individual was writing for the St. Louis Democrat. The similarity of the music is too striking to be the result of accident or evolution. The evidences of design are highly apparent, both in the line of discourse and in the bad writing of the two epistles.

The starting point of the letter is that Chicago has borrowed over \$500,000,000, mainly to rebuild the edifices destroyed by the fire; that this borrowed money has been put into buildings which cannot find tenants; that the owners of this unproductive property are all struggling to avoid bankruptcy, into which, however, they must go; that the trade and commerce of the city have fallen off; that the banks are crippled with protested paper which the merchants can not pay; and that, in short, the city has entered on a downward career which will soon land it

The Chicago fire destroyed, in round figure \$200,000,000 of property, a large proportion of which consisted of merchandise and movable effects. Out of this there was recovered \$55,-000,000 from insurance. It has cost to rebuild the city, including the large additions to the number of stores, warehouses, and dwellings, about \$60,000,000. These plain and simple facts show the reckless absurdity of the statemen that we have borrowed \$500,000,000 and invested it in buildings which are not rented. After the fire there was a large migration hither of men who brought capital with them. These bought real estate and improved it out of their own means. We had after the fire many broad acre of land in the very heart of the city withou any buildings. This land, owned and posses by our citizens, was worth more than the money needed to improve it. During the winter after the fire capitalists visited this city, examined everything for the spring there was an abundance of capital here seeking investment. Up to the day of the September panie there was no trouble in borrowing any amount of money to improve real estate in Chicago. The result was that the whole area of business property destroyed by the fire was rebuilt, better and more substantially than ever before; but the area of that class of property before; but the area of that class of property
was extended to nearly twice its former dimensions. The prohibition against wooden buildings necessitated the erection of many hundreds
of brick and stone structures where wooden
ones had previously existed. Consequently, the
number of stores, warehouses, and other building adapted to purely business purposes erected since the fire is nearly, if not quite, double what it was before; and, as even Chicago

be needed within a short time. The fire caused many changes, especially in the retail trade, and there are half-a-dozen localities in the city, two or more miles from the old business centre, where an extensive trade is now carried on, and where before the fire there was not a store of any kind. It cost to rebuild the city and to enlarge its area of costly buildings, as we have said, about \$60,000,000. How much of this was borrowed we have no means of knowing; but, even if every stand. Compare this with the states

eity, and the recklessuess of this calumniator is at once evident. Nor is be any more truthful in any other respect. The panis hurt Chicago less perhaps than any other large city. Our banks maintained themselves without the expedient of clearing-house certificates, and, in three days after the general collapse, currency began to flow here at the rate of from two to four millions a day. Trade revived here imme diately. Having currency with which to buy, we relieved all the country tributary to this market and in a very short time our wholesale house were in receipt of as steady remittances f the country as if no panie had taken place. The wholesale business of Chicago in 1873 was

nearly \$90,000,000 greater than in the year following the fire, and that year was far in excess of any of its predecessors. At this time the trade of the city is prosperous. The prices of all kinds of grain are much advanced, and all those parts of the West having comm with this city are forwarding hither their products, and carrying back purchases from our nerchants and manufacturers. But the most omplete answer to the intimation that the world has lost confidence in Chicago is the fact that as soon after the panic as the 1st of Decemreal estate. Since then, this class of investments has been steadily increasing, and one day this week there was nearly a column of advertisements in THE TRIBUNE of money to loan on mortgages and on collaterals, offers o purchase mortgages, and money offered for any legitimate business. Our banks never were doing a better business, and he opening year of 1874 promises to equal, if not exceed, in the volume of its trade, in the general prosperity of the city, any of its prede-

that the debt of the City of Chicago has been doubled since 1869, is malicious, because it sup-presses the truth. The city debt was purposely increased in order to anticipate the new Consti-tution, which forbids any municipal loans after 1870 in excess of 5 per cent of the assessed value of the taxable property in the city. The money thus raised has been neither wasted nor loct. It has been put into permanent improvements, sewers, pavements, school-houses, and is now finished, as it will be in a year or two, will give Chicago a better water-supply than any other city in the United States. It is surprising that a re spectable paper like the Cincinnati Commercia ould have given place to such a screed of mis epresentation as the letter referred to.

COMPULSORY EDUCATION.

If the opponents of compulsory education would ask themselves the question whether o not the State has the right of relf-preservation they might discover whether it has not also th right to enforce the education of its subjects We take it for granted that these gentlemen con cede a nation's right to self-preservation, and even its right to the military service of its citizens. They admit, doubtless, that the Military Academy at West Point is a useful institution and its existence not wholly indefensible. They do not object to the erection of forts by the convenient thing to have. All these institutions they can successfully defend only on the ground of a nation's right to self-preservation.

Now, it is a lesson which all history teaches, and which every day's experience confirms, that nations are powerful not in proportion to the number of military academies, forts, or ships which they possess so much as in proportion to their intelligence. Forts, or ramparts, or ships, manned by uneducated men, lose half their effectiveness. The sceptre of the world belongs to the intelligence of the world. It was ever so. It is so to-day. There are, undoubtedly, other elements than intelligence in a nation's greatness; but, other things being equal, the more

intelligent a people are, the more powerful they are. Who will deny that the triumph of the American arms over those of Mexico, of the arms

this enormous cost is due to the fact that non lar clamor forced the Government, want's funds failed, and he could neg bonds "payable six months after estate," to guarantee the amount needed to conduct the defense as well as the prosecution.

A musty reminder of the palmy days hivalry, when the member of Congress pic and met argument on the floor with the pist ontained in the card which Mr. Henry versy with Mr. Jefferson Davis, ex-President of text of the card has all the flery tone of those days, the startling announcement of wher abouts, and the jargon of the profession quelist aping the manners of the gen Mr. Foote, it appears, has written a book of personal reminiscences. It is not exactly clear why Mr. Foote should have written such a book, as most of Mr. Foote's reminiscences are of that nature which should be consigned to the charity of oblivion; but, having written such a book, it was inevitable that Mr. Foote should "pitch into" his old-time opponent, Jefferson Davis. When the allusions to Mr. Davis in this book were called to the attention of the latter, he Foote as a liar, of rather re-posting him.

Davis says: In the year 1871 I published him [Foote] as co In the year 1871 I published him [Foote] as constitutionally a liar, and his subsequent career only serve to confirm me in that judgment. Since that date therefore, I have taken no heed of the utterances of said Foote. His fastierr, when he was seeking political preferent in the Confederacy, and his abuse, when, faithless to his trust as a representative in the Congress of the Confederate States, he was preparing for his subsequent descrition to their enemies, were alike disregarded by me.

To which Mr. Port.

To which Mr. Foote replies in substance My whereabouts may be easily found by him or his idolizing Confederates. He knows, as thousands of others know, that for full twenty years I have stood ready to accord to him such satisfaction as he might deem necessary to his deeply-wounded honor, and that whatever general views I may entertain touching the propriety of settling such issues as have arisen between him and myself in the mode referred to, yet that, from special deference to him, I shall be induced to make his an exceptional case.

This brings a square issue between the two old gents. Mr. Foote being the original aggressor, Mr. Davis must be the challenger, and Mr. Foote's card is simply an invitation for the challenge. As Mr. Davis has sent at least one hallenge before this, for a much slighter cause, the prospects are fair that the two combata may settle their twenty-year-old dispute upo the "field of honor," and spill what little blood they have left.

uelists dates back to 1850, when they rere fellow-Senators. The "compa easures" were then agitating the whole ountry. Mr. Poote, at first opposit them, became their champion before the que tion was settled. Mr. Davis was then a viole pro-slavery extremist, the most zealous adve cate of States' rights, and the bitterest opponer of the compromise measures. The excite debate opened a breach between the two me which has grown wider and wider with time In September, 1851, Mr. Davis was nominat for Governor of Mississippi upon the Dem ocratic ticket, in opposition to Mr. Foote upo the Whig ticket. Mr. Davis represented Dis mion . Mr. Foots Union. The canvage which followed was the most exciting one ever known in that State. It was a bitter personal struggl between the two men, and their campai peeches were swful tirades, in which eac ought to outdo the other in gross vituperation Mr. Davis was defeated by a small majority, an this defeat still further deepened the hatred b tween the two men. During the War of the Re bellion Mr. Foote found further opportunitie to get even with his old antagonist, and placed a Davis' success by the publication of a pamphlet in England, conclusively proving that Davis had been not only the advocate but the main instigator of Mississippi repudiation. Its publication did great damage to the Confederate Govern ment, as it was a point-blank shot at their credit abroad, and helped to force their securities out of the English market. And in this instance Mr. Foote really rendered his country a service That this long-standing animosity did not provoke a collision with arms long ago is singular. Davis has figured in at least one duel. Mr. Foote's rash tongue has more than once involved him in so-called affairs of honor. In his first duel,-with Mr. Winston, of Tuscumbia, Ala.,he was slightly wounded in the shoulder. He afterwards fought in Mississippi with S. S. Pren tiss, and was again slightly injured; and, still

ly concede that the exaggerated view of the Divine mercy in the Universalist creed is not eccessarily productive of immorality, and the Universafist will acknowledge that the Episcopalian Popery. The Presbylerian will acknowledge that Swedenborg may have had spiritual eights and illuminations, and the Swedenborgian may concede that the one heaven of the Preis as comprehensive as all seven of his. All of them will become broader-sighted, more costact, and we may anticipate from it a ness, after consultation with each other, than ever before. Hitherto they have been fighting away in the dark, without much mutual sym-pathy, and with little knowledge of each other's plans and weapons. The consolidation of forces, however incomplete it may be, will prove of great service, as they can present a more

GERMAN ENIGRATION

compact front to their enemy, and not run the

risk of being picked off in detail.

One of the most important ques of emigration. The number of Germans who have forsaken the Fatherland within the last few years has reached unprecedented figures. While from 107,670, the number in 1872 rose to 215,000 and the number for the first half of the year just past is greater than that for the correspond ing half of the preceding year. A great dearth of agricultural and other inhorars has been the consequence; and the Government has awakened to the importance of putting an end to the wholesale exodus, and the resulting less to the country of both labor and capital.

It has been calculated that Germany loses of an average \$150 in money with every emigrant. The amount of money brought to this country in 1856 by German emigrants was estimated at \$15,000,000; and the total loss to Germany since 1819, \$375,000,000, by far the greater portion of has lost probably \$64,500,000 in money by emigration. This is, however, only part of her loss Her loss in labor is also to be taken into account, and, in estimating it, it must be borne in minthat it is the strongest and most enterprising of her laborers that emigrate. None but these

leave their homes. The causes of the emigration are manifold. A spirit of adventure no doubt brings some, a desire to avoid military service others. The main cause, however, of the emigration, we are told on pretty good suthority, is the difficulty experienced by small proprietors to hold their land for any great length of time under the law that obtains in a great portion of Germany, and which considers immovable property to have the attributes of both real and personal property. It descends to one heir of the family, who is obliged to indemnify his co-heirs in money for their share, the title to the whole vesting in him. To obtain wherewith to effect this in he is obliged generally to have recourse credit, which small proprietors have great difficulty in obtaining. Besides, the property very frequently descends hypothecated for previous debts. For reasons of this kind, it becomes unperative in numberless cases to sell the estate after which the almost invariable move is emi-

writer has called emigration the greatest social evil of the day in the new Empire. It drains its labor, of its strongest arms, of its enterprise and health. The Empire has lost more men during the past few years by emigration than it lost during the war with France. Nor has it any equivalent gain in any other direction. If Germany lost only its turbulent classes, the workmen who are inoculated with the doctrines of Karl Marx, her loss would be in one sense again. But this is not the case. She loses not the workmen of the towns, but her peasantry. A stray Communist may leave her, but for one Communist she loses a hundred honest farmers.

The Government of the Empire knows all this, and knows, too, that emigration has grown to be an unmitigated evil. What steps they will take to remedy it, we do not know. To suppress it would be to produce an incalculable amount of discontent. There is but one rational

are. We have filter that the trimped of the above the control of t

theory, so far as it is applied to England, and is at the same time an incidental contribution to one side of the discussion correspondents have been carrying on in our columns on the relative wages of labor there and here. The letter is in reply to Prof. Fawcett's article in the Fortnight-by, in which the Professor argued that the value of English labor is only a trifle, if at all, greater was as 754 in 1851, and 186 754 in 1872; that the average consumption of sugar has increased from 55 lbs. in '51 to 55 lbs. in '72; of tes. from 2½ lbs. to 554; of provisions, from 5 to 19; and that, although the home-production of meat has increased in a greater ratio than population, its price has advanced 50 per cent. From these and similar facts, he infers that the laboring classes have more money to spend now than they had then.

Of the half-dozen candidates for the Bishopric of Wisconsin, Dr. DeKoven is the most prominent. His ability, his connection with Racine College, and his recent canvass, under the auspices of the "Confraternity of the Blessed Sacrament," for the Bishopric of Massachusetts, have combined to make him widely known. He has extremely high views, so high, indeed, that many people cannot very clearly distinguish them from Catholicism. In the last General Convention he said: "I believe in the real, ad-tinal presence of our Lord, under the form of bread and wine, upon the altar. . . . I believe that in the Eucharist, after the consecration of the elements, by the power of the Holy Ghost, the very body and blood of Christ

DeKoven's principal opponents are Dr. Hugh Miller Thompson, of New York, Drs. Egar and Kemper, of the Nashota Seminary, and Drs. Ash-ley and Keene, of Milwaukee.

An advertisement in the Attenues informs authors where they can get "studies of character" for 5s. 6d. each, "conversations" for 3s. 6d. each, and "original word-portraits" for 2s. 6d. each. All the author of to-day will have to do, then, is to devise his plot (or, more easily, to character-studies, conversations, word-portraits, etc., and patch the pieces together at his leisure. Thackeray sighed for a man to whom he could say: "Kill the Bishop in the next chapter; let the disease be gout; read up the symptoms, etc., in the medical dictionary," and who could, in fact, do all the mechanical part of novel-writing, leaving the suther only the pleasure of creation. If he had lived till now, he might have had his The scientific world has been in

bones of its ancestors have long been, as some body says, bones of contention. At last th the new illusion as thoroughly as Time has the old bird. He declares that the bird now en route

over the reported discovery of a live Dodo. The

for England is only a Dodlet, a degenerate, diminutive descendant of the genuine fowl. So all the to-do over the Dodo has been in vain. The South is beginning to manufacture its otton. Mills have been built at all the more important ports and in many of the interior towns. They furnish a market for nearly 300,000 bales a year. The fact shows that the contempt

Several Spiritualists of New Haven wish to form a co-operative community in which all wealth, but no wives, shall be held in common. As they all come from poor but honest ; and have inherited only the first of the a haracteristics, they are perforce waiting for a

for labor which slavery always involves, ar which lay at the root of the South's industri

Here is pathos! When the San Domingo rebols captured the Capital, they freed the political prisoners and solemnly dropped the Government's fine assortment of bandcuffs, etc., into the sea. Sober second thought suggests that they threw away the manacles because they mean to shoot future captives instead of

NOTES AND OPINION:

In Philadelphia, where municipal officers are to be elected Feb. 17, all caudidates in opposition to the Ring Republican nominees have withdrawn, because, unless there can be a fair count of votes, it would be folly to oppose the men who have sole power to do the counting. The Legislature is in the interest of the Ring, and the Philadelphia Press says: "The news is not very cheering for an honest election law." The Philadelphia Age sermonizes from the text: "Wee to the Venal City when its purchaser is found."

STARVING INDIANS.

he Destitution at Vermillion Lake

Cannibalism.
Special Dispota to The Cheego Tribuna.
Special Dispota to The Cheego Tribuna.
Sr. Paut, Minn, Jan. 27.—(by. Davis is advised by Commissioner Smith, of the Indian Bureau, that on the 19th inst. he notified Agent Mahan, at Bayfield, of the destitution among the Indians at Vermillion Lake, and placed at his disposal for their relief \$1,500. The Gov. his disposal for their relief \$1,500. The Gov.
ernor is also advised that Mahan arrived at
Duluth, and yesterday sent forward cattla,
blankets, flour, and annuity goods. It appears
that the Agent desired to deliver the annuities
at Duluth, while the Indians claimed that,
according to treaty, they should be delivered
at Vermillion, hence the annuities have been
held back since November last. In consequence,
the traders withdrew from Vermillion, and the
Indians had no way of relief from the destination
caused by the failure of rice and game.

THE STORY OF CANVILLERY

originated in the fact that a crasy old woman,
whose topes was near the British line, was dis-

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIA

The Indiana Grand Lodge.

479,48,

The Iowa Grand Lodge. Special Departs to The Chicago Tribuse.

DAVENTORT, Ia., Jan. 27.—The Grand Lodge of Iowa Knights of Pythias assembled in the city this morning in their third annual convention. Delegates from lodges in Davanock Burlington. Council Bluffs, Ottumwa, Fort Madtion. Delegates from lodges in Davanport. Burlington. Council Biuffs, Ottumws, Fort Maison, and other places were present. This Greet was instituted in Iows in May, 1870, and now there are 23 lodges in the State, all with a large membership. In the United States there are 1,200 lodges, with 100,000 members. During the past year disponsations to five new lodges have been granted, and three others have been suspended. The session of the Grand Lodge continues to-morrow. This evening the disgates will be treated to a banquet by the local lodges of the city.

CHIEF-JUSTICE WAITE.

He Besigns His Pres The Resigns His Presidency of Ohic Constitutional Convention of Conventional Convention of Convention to day in the followers: "For reasons known to you all compelled to return to you the high office which, at the organization of the Convenyou henored me, and to resign my as one of your number. Under circumstances this could be done wisingle word; but in the middle of surroundings you must indulge me with a thing more. It is now more than six months we came together to enter upon the important to which we had been assigned by our stituents. We were then strangers. siding officer I relied upon your later ance and assistance while performing its requisible duties. You were not long in discovering the performing its respective to the performing the respective to the performing the performance of the performing the performing the performing the performing the performance of the performance

SPRINGFI

Collector Har tion at the House.

an Friends Confident tal and the 4 of Smit

Proceedings in the Il ture Yes The Senate Almost a Tie

sory Education

Bond to \$5,00

A Bill to Admit of Enlig Passed to a Third

Proposed Increase of the

Passage in the Hou

County Fees' COLLECTOR HARP

arrived here this morning, for here ever since the people the columns of THE TRIBUXE t a safe conduct from the Conroom has been thronged all d friends who called to congratu he had a perfect ovation. It violence to the truth to deny thave believed and still do

If he had been tried by the c supper, a verdict of acquittal the result, for the unanimous he was more sinued against is accompanied by his broamd Joseph Castle, his broa

night, and was pleasanti

fairly. He declined to make a cerning what he should say and was under the protection of would speak when called upon. His health is poor, and his cates that he has suffered much and mentally. As has been as in Canada since his departure f what point he did not indicate.

RIS FRIENCE TALK NOT and they submitted the fo and they submitted the folition: The Pekin Distilling capital stock of \$300,000. Smith had \$5,000 of this stock, or or of the whole. This amount stock and \$15,000 beside,—If the one-sixteenth part what would the whole \$1,200,000. Is this resathey say that Smith's \$5,000 anything as soon as he cases

conduct of Ha

Although nothing was said t would be, it is believed that he ties in the controversy that he spoken of. The names were that they shall come out on the

JURY-SERVICE AND Special Disputch to The Ch THE JURY LA Spainogrand, Ill., Jan. 27.— which there has been much eld was taken up on second reading

was taken up on second readin of Armstrong, of Grundy, who life seems to be to get a Jury la of Adams, moved to strike out riding that reading an account lewspapers shall not disqualify the motion was tabled, and ignualification for jury-service. Then the House wanders on of the County Courroked by a motion of notion was to strike out Coundary would not be able to exeurisdiction. This went direct County Courts, and might he of the bill out for a sensible life. Hay, who appealed to the the Jury bill in jeopardy by another would be disposed of at Dunham offered an immat Dunham offered an immat which was voted down, and sainst certain words, until he wed they were not in the bill, y n good humor, and the bill w THE SENATE ON CO

Baldwin, Danfield, Dastie, Demunings, Domahue, Domahue, Domahue, Doundlach, Hampton, Henry, Henry, Archer, Brocks, Brown, Borks, Casey, Casey, Cumunings, Cumunings, Cumunings,

INVESTIGATING O Special Disputch to The Class Painting and Disputch of the Class Painting and Disputch of the Class Painting o Bramorizato, fil., Jan. 37.—
mittee seem determined to m
of their researches into the
and paper contracts. They h
any meetings, but have not ye
interesting portion. The or
printers seems to be as to the
action of the paper instead of the

SPRINGFIELD.

tion at the Leland House.

tal and the Conviction

ture Yesterday.

The Senate Almost a Tie on the Compul

sory Education Bill.

A Bill to Admit of Enlightened Jurymen Passed to a Third Reaning.

Proposed Increase of the State Treasurer's

Bond to \$5,000,000.

Passage in the House of the Cook County Fees' Bill.

COLLECTOR HARPER'S CASE.

RVING INDIANS.

the try, they should be try, they should be the annuities have be to do to the annuities have be to do to the trom the destitution and the way of relief from the destitution allure of rice and game.

The story of Cannibalism and the that a crasy old wome that a crasy old wome that a crasy old wome that a crasy old women that a crasy old women

HTS OF PYTHIAS.

Indiana Grand Lodge. Dispatch to The Chicago Pribune.

In the Grand Lodge of Knights of Pythday, all the officers being present, sutatives from nearly every lodge in The Committee on Laws and Superented two reports, a majority and on the question, "Should a suspendented two reports, a majority and the should not pay more than the at the date of his suspension; the at he should pay dues during the fit does not exceed one hour. The port was adopted, are of officers were submitted this. The Secretary gives the following the Order throughout the State:

Lodge chartered, 42; number of work-tingwase in lodges during the year, 16; interable, 2,150; increase during the

ince July 1, 1873, \$12,378,10; expenses 1873, \$8,267,21. Cash on hand Jan. 1, \$Widows' and Orphans' Fund, \$5,032.73; sted, \$16,858.73. Total resources, \$25,-

is Hown Grand Lodge.

In Jan. 27.—The Grand Lodge sights of Pythias assembled in this rrung in their third annual convengates from lodges in Davenport, Council Bluffs, Ottumwa, Fort Madher places were present. This Grder ced in Iowa in May, 1870, and now lodges in the State, all with a large of the United States there are with 100,000 members. During a dispensations to five new lodges ranted, and three others have been The session of the Grand Lodge of the Council States the session of the Grand Lodge of the Council States the session of the Grand Lodge of the Council States the session of the Grand Lodge of the Council States the session of the Grand Lodge of the Council States the S

F-JUSTICE WAITE.

Education bill is this morning as

TEAS.

Hundley, Steele,
Jacoba, Sirong,
Nicholson, Thompson,
Patterson, Waite,
Reynolds, Whitney,
Sanford, Wilcox,
Sheldon, Williamson,
Tounghlood—St.

NATE.

Ferrill, Murphy,
Glean, Palmer,
Green, Hinchliffe, Voris,
Kehoe, Wars,
Kelly, Warren,
Lee, Yager,
Modrath, Mr. Fresident—M. gas His Presidency of the mastitutional Comvention.

It, Jan. 27.—Chief-Justice Waite rePresidency and seat in the Constiturention to-day in the following for reasons known to you all I am 
to return to you the high office with 
se organization of the Convention, 
ed me, and to resign my place 
of your number. Under some 
ces this could be done with a 
reason to the middle of these 
gayou must include me with someItis now more than six months since 
gether to enter upon the important 
ion we had been assigned by our conwe were then strangers. Few or 
as personally; I knew personally but 
the the partiality of the majority of 
was called upon to preside over 
relied upon to preside over 
the memorial of the presidence as precer I relied upon your forbearinstance while performing rist responYou were not long in discovering 
experience. It took me longer to 
ill I could ask of you or the officers 
de called to your assistance 
meted fout to me in full measure, 
partitive strangers we have become 
de called to your consistance 
mays be charished by me as of the 
longs of the past, and, while I am now 
to discove our official ties, I shall 
has the word may never be spoken 
insolve the tie of personal friendship 
now feel myself to be so closely 
mail."

adent Waite resigned and retired. 
To the contract of the 
measure 
of him.

Shert.

Of the above, Youngelood and the President as liable to change. This list has been carefully prepared, and is at present correct. It shows that if the Senate is full when the bill is put you its passage, the vote will be very close; it if the attendance is small, the bill will fail.

THE PRISENCY BILL

THE P

would be, it is believed that he will involve par-ties in the controversy that have not yet been spoken of. The names were given, yet I prefer that they shall come out on the trial.

JUBY-SERVICE AND EDUCATION. Spensi Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune, THE JURY LAW.

INVESTIGATING COMMITTEES. Special Dispetch to The Chicago Tribune.

THE PRINTING AND BINDING INVESTMENTION.

BERMOPPELD, Ill., Jan. 27.—The Printing Committee seem determined to make thorough work of their researches into the printing, binding and paper contracts. They have held preliminary meetings, but have not yet penetrated to the intensiting portion. The controversy with the latter seems to be as to their right to charge that paper instead of sixteem to a form of

Collector Harper's Recep-Friends Confident of His Acquit-Proceedings in the Illinois Legisla-

impression. This is an item of some importance. For instance, there was printed 25,000 impressions of registry blanks for which was paid \$2,500, while, according to the estimate of the Committee, one-fourth of that sum is all they are calified to. The application of the printers to appear by connect, and that the committee in the flank, as the Committee were inclined to think that the Attorney-General, took the Committee in the flank, as the Committee were inclined to think that the Attorney-General should be their adviser, if he gave any advice in the premises. When the binding comes to be examined, the impression that there have been overcharges outside the contract will probably be verified.

THE STATE TRANSUST.

The report of the Finance Committee appointed by the House to investigate the condition of the State Treasury and count the money, was presented this afternoon, and exhibits a very extraordinary state of affairs. It speaks well for the integrity of the gentlemen who have occupied the position of State Treasurer, that while there has been nothing comparatively to hind them to be honest, they have all proved faithful to their strust. In the present case, the Committee report that they found the amount of money in the Treasurer's valut called for by the balances of accounts in the Auditor's office, but when they came to consider the consequences to the State which would result in case of a defalcation, they discovered that, through the most autonishing neglect somewhere, no adequate security is provided by law for the safety or honest handling of the people's money.

The TREASURKE'S BOND.

The present Assembly last April passed a law requiring the Treasurer to execute a bond, with two or more sufficient securities, in the sum of \$500,000, and the Governor is empowered in his discretion to require an additional bond in an equal amount. On inquiring from the present Treasurer the Committee learned that he had filed a bond under the old law of 1848, which required a bond for only \$100,000. That law empowers the Governor to call for an additional bond of \$100,000. However, Mr. Reitz does not think that the new law applies to his case, as he was elected before its passage; consequently the only accurity the State has from the custodian of its revenue is a \$200,000 bond.

EXECUTION STATEMENT OF THE TREASURES.

COLLECTOR HARPER'S CASE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Spannofield, Ill., Jan. 27.—John T. Harper arrived here this morning, and took Room No. 4 at the Leland. His coming had been looked for here ever since the people learned through the columns of The Terroux that he had received a safe conduct from the Court to return. His room has been througed all day with his edd friends who called to congratulate him; indeed, he had a perfect ovation. It would be doing violence to the truth to deny that many of them have believed and still do

articleved and still do only accurity the State has from the custodian of its revenue is a \$200,000 bond.

\*\*RINGTONSHILTY OF THE WHEASURER.\*\*

The Committee further, in their report presented to the House this afternoon, state that the amount now in the hands of the Treasurer is nearly \$1,000,000 of State funds, and about \$100,000 in United States bonds belonging to the Canal and River Improvement fund, and \$1,000,000 in bonds and other sequrities required by taw to be deposited with him by the insurance companies. These several stime amount in all to but the minimum of money and securities usually held by him, and the amount of State funds alone varies all the way from \$2,000,000 to \$3,500,000.

INCREASING THE BOND.

The Committee held a full meeting of its members this morning, and concluded to recommend to the House the passage of a bill requiring that the State Treasurer, before entering upon the duties of his office to file a bond in the penul sum of \$5,000,000, to be approved by the Government and two Justices of the Supreme Court.

They also recommend that additional precantions be taken to guard the money at night and on Sunday, it being now left to the care of one man, who might be easily overpowered. Rural gentlemen think the Committee desire to give the Treasurership to Chicago, as no other place could furnish a \$5,000,000 bond.

night, and was pleasantly received. He said THE TRIBUNE, in its editorial columns and its correspondence, had treated him fairly. He declined to make any statement concerning what he should say and do while here. He was under the protection of the Count, and would speak when called upon to do so officially. His health is poor, and his appearance indicate that he has suffered much, both physically and mentally. As has been stated, he has been in Canada since his departure from here, but at what point he did not indicate.

HIS PRIENDS TALK NOT A ETTILE, and they submitted the following proposition: The Pekin Distilling Company had a capital stock of \$300,000. Smith, Harper's elerk, had \$5,000 of this stock, or one-sixteenth part of the whole. This amount earned him his stock and \$15,000 beside,—in all \$20,000, if the one-sixteenth part earned \$20,000, what would the whole earn—evidently \$1,200,000. Is this reasonable? Again, they say that Smith's \$5,000 ceased to earn him mything as soon as he ceased to be a clerk in the Collector's office, and that since that date he has not received any dividends. His bank accounts show no \$5,000 checks for dividends samed, which before were so punctually transmitted. They expect to show why this is thus.

COOK COUNTY AFFAIRS.

Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribune.
COOK COUNTY FEES.

SPENSOFIELD, Ill., Jan. 27.—The Cook County
Fee bill being read a third time, Herrington
moved to recommit it, so that the fees for recording should be cut down, as eight cents a
folio would produce a revenue of \$16,000 over
and above the expenses of the office.

Oleson, yearned for the passage of the bill,
and Rountree contradicted the assertion that it
would produce a greater revenue than was
needed. Opposition being withdrawn, the bill
passed with the emergency clause, only two
votes being recorded against it.

THE LINCOLN PARK BILL,
introduced yesterday, provides that any town
may establish and maintain a park, boulevards,
and driveways within boundaries to be specified,
if a majority of the legal voters so decide at an
election to be called by the County Clerk when
desired to do so by fifty voters. The result of
the election shall be filed with the Secretary of
State, and, if such result is for a park, the Governor shall appoint five Commissioners, to constitute the Park Board, each Commissioner to
give a bond of \$20,000 for the faithful discharge
of his duties.

THE PARK BOARD.

Said Board shall be a body politic and corporate, etc. The Commissioners shall hold office
fore, four, three, two, and one years as shall be

Spansey Dispatch to The Chicage Tribusts.

THE JURY LAW.

Spansey Held, Ill., Jan. 27.—The Jury bill, over which there has been much eloquence expended, was taken up on second reading on the motion of Armstrong, of Grundy, whose mission in this its seems to be to get a Jury law passed. Moore, of Adams, moved to strike out the section proteining that reading an account of the crime in awayspapers shall not disqualify men as jurors. The motion was tabled, and ignorance will be no publication for jury-service.

Then the House wandered into a discussion of the County Court question, protein was to strike out County Courts, so that hely would not be able to exercise the extended intediction. This went directly to the merits of County Courts, and might have been the death if the bill out for a sensible speech made by it. Hay, who appealed to the House not to put the Jury bill in jeopardy by renswing the fight mights exced County Court question. County Courts could be disposed of at another time.

Dunham offered an immaterial amendment, which was voted down, and Councily spoke traint certain words, until he suddenly discovered they were not in the bill, when he collapsed. The sudden explosion of mirth put the House agod humor, and the bill was ordered to third aways.

THE SERRATE ON CORPULSORY EDUCATION.

THE SERRATE ON CORPULSORY EDUCATION.

Said Board shall be a body politic and corporate, etc. The Commissioners shall hold office five, four, three, two, and one years as shall be determined by lot. They shall elect one of their own number President, and appoint a Treasurer and Secretary meither of whom shall necessarily be a member of the Board. The Treasurer shall give a bond of \$50,000, to be approved by the County Court. There shall be an annual election of officers.

If guilty of misdemeanor or malfeasance in office under the act, upon petition of 100 free-holders the County Court may remove any or all of the Commissioners.

The place of a Commissioner who falls for two successive morths to attend meetings of the Board without satisfactory extense may be declared vacant by the Board.

All vacancies shall be filled by the Governor. DULLS OF THE BOARD.

The Board shall have power to pass ordinances, reles, and regulations for the government of the territory under their control.

Real or personal property may be conveyed or bequesthed to the Board for the benefit and improvement of the park, etc., and the Board shall have the exclusive management and control of such property.

The Board may temporarily borrow not exceeding \$50,000 at interest not exceeding 10 per cent per annum, and such loans shall be paid from taxes collected during that or the next succeeding \$50,000 at interest not exceeding 10 per cent per annum, and such loans shall be paid from taxes collected during that or the next succeeding \$50,000 at interest not exceeding 10 per cent per annum, and such loans shall be paid from taxes otherwise management and control of such property.

The Board is empowered to acquire title by purchase and condemnation or otherwise to all the private property embraced within the boundaries veted to be a public park, and in case they cannot agree with the owners to purchase the same, may proceed to condemnation or otherwise to all the private property.

The Board may issue bonds running for twenty years, bearing not exceeding 7 per cent interest, payab

must be approved by A majority vote of the electors.

The Board shall have control over all streets running longitudinally along and adjoining the parks, etc.

An annual detailed statement of the receipts and disbursements shall be transmitted to the County Clerk in April.

Whenever fifty legal voters on each of two contiguous towns shall desire the establishment of a park, etc., lying partly within the boundaries of each, an election shall be held, and if a majority of votes are in favor of such park, the same proceedings shall be taken by each of the towns through its Board of Park Commissioners as if each had voted superstely to establish a park, etc.

THE CATHOLIC BERROY OF CRICAGO.

The bill repealing the act making the Catholic Biabep of Chicago a corporation sole for the holding and transfer of the property of the Church is before the Commission sole for the holding and transfer of the property of the Church is before the Commission of the Commission of five of the aline members of the Commission of five of the aline members of the Commission of five of the aline members of the Commission, and Waits.

The other members of the Committee are Jacobs, Strong, Hampton, and Shepard.

COLLECTION OF COUNTY TATES.

William Bye, Cashier in the County Collector's Office of Cook County, was here to-day and submitted to the Anditor two questions upon which he desired answers. They are:

First—When a Ceprical error has been made by the Assessor through mistake, annexing a cipher to the valuation of the property, or when a similar error has been made by the County Clerk in copying the valuation from the Assessor's books, thus mercasing the valuation tenfold, can the Town Collectors return the amount of the excess of the tar caused by such mistakes as "error," as provided by Sec. 170. Public Laws 1872, when he makes settlement with the County Collector?

Second—When the same property, by mistake, is assessed in two places, can the tax on one assessment be accounted for as error, and so be returned as delinquent?

The Auditor did not deem it his duty to advise in the matter, and said he had every confidence that the action by the Collectors would meet his approval.

RAILROAD LEGISLATION.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
THE RAILROAD SCHEDULES.
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 27.—The Railroad Com

and providing that there shall be required no further proof of the genuineness of the schedules than a printed certificate of the Commissioners that said schedules were prepared and published by them; that nothing in the bill shall be held

Proceedings of the Third Day's

Roumania.

Minority.

The Endowment Fund Question

Hebrew Theological College.

MORNING SESSION. The Second Constitution Convention of the

The Chairman, the Hon. Simon Wolf, after having called the meeting to order, requested Brother Wash to offer prayer, in accordance with the resolution passed yesterday. Brother Wash, an elderly gentleman of very divine appearance, took the stand and asked for a book containing the proper form of prayer. No book of that kind being on hand, he declared his inability to properly perform his duty without it. The Chairman was, therefore, remeasted to offer prayer, and did so briefly, involved. that said schedules were prepared and published by them; that nothing in the bill shall be held to repeal or in any manner effect the provisions of the set passed at the last session repealing the act of 1871 and prohibiting extortions and unjust discriminations. The schedules are not be made a part of the bill, but are referred to specifically. This will save the enormous labor of reading the schedules, though it is possible it will be insisted that to be part of the law, they must be embodied in the bill and enacted with it. The bill was ordered to a second reading.

The Committee reported favorably on the bill saneding the eighth section of the present law, so as to remove any doubt as to the legality of schedules hereafter made, and it was ordered to a second reading.

CRING OUT STATIONS.

The bills regulating the manner of crying out stations on passenger trains, and concerning the killing of stock, were laid on the table, as desired by the Committee.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR ACCIDENTS.

The following is the "personal safety" section in the revision bill on paupers, and being before the Senate, excited a good deal of discussion during the morning:

All persons coming within the provisions of this section who shall be killed or injured by any person, railroad company, or corporation, or any manufacturing or mining establishment, company, association, or explassion, or otherwise, by such railroad company, or by any machinery or explosion is any such manufacturing establishment, or mine, or by the caving-in or damps in such mines, shall be properly cared and provided for, and, in case of death, decently buried by such railroad company or explosion, manufacturing, or nining satablishment, company, association, or corporation.

Mr. Starne moved to insert the word "person before railroad, elaiming that if the rule be fair it must be general, and upon this the discussion was had. sted to offer prayer, and did so briefly, invokquested to offer prayer, and did so briefly, invok-the Divine blessing on their deliberations.

The Secretary then read the minutes of last meeting, which were unanimously adopted.

The Committee on Credentials reported the names of several delegates who had presented their credentials since the commencement of the Convention.

The state of the s

were then read:

\*\*MAJORITY ENFORT.\*\*

Your Committee on Endowment would beg leave to report that it is a cardinal principle of our Order to provide protection and relief for our widows and orphans in the event of adversity, yet the Committee is of opinion that in the present state of the Order it is inexpedient and premature to legislate any general law for an Endowment plan in our Order.

The report is signed by S. Sulzherger, N. Morris, L. Levy, P. F. Phillips, M. Behrend, D. S. Lederer, C. Komminski.

\*\*ENSORITY METORY\*\*

1. Every D. S. L. may by law provide for an endowment and endowment laws applicable to the lodges.

2. The object of this fund is to secure on the death of a member to his widow, children, or other person or body by him designated an inheritance of \$1,000.

3. In the event of the establishment of which is fund by any D. G. L. they shall make provisions for a recovery of the contraction of the care of the contraction of the care of

HEBREW THROLOGICAL COLLEGE.

endowment and successful management of such an institution. Dr. Wise would give an account of what had been done, and endeavor to enlist the sympathies of those present in the work.

Dr. Wise then addressed the congregation. Alluding to his acquaintance here, he stated that he saw before him faces which had been familiar to him more or less for fifteen or twenty.

## HONEY AND COMMERCE.

MONETARY.

time.	ND BOND MARKET.
Mesers. Preston, Ke this p. m.:	an & Co. quote as follows  Buying, Selling,
U. S. 6s of 'Sl U. S. 5-90s of '89	118% 118%
U. S. 5-20s of 164	117% 118
U. S. 5-20s of %5 January	and July,116% 116% and July,117% 118% @118%
U. S. 5-20s of '88 January 10-40s. U. S. 5s (new issue)	*************
U. S. currency &	111 111%
Gold coupans	111/2 111/2

Sterling, \$4.8314.	miles and analysis and
Stadely and Total GOVERSING	MT BONDS
Coupons, '81118%	Coupons, 87
Coupons, 64	10-40
Compone 85	Currency 60
Coupons, 65(new) 116%	New 58
STREET, STREET	BONDS.
Missouris93	Virginia's, old 42
Tennessees, old81%	North Carolina's, old 28
Tennemees, new 81%	North Caronnes, new .10
Virginias, new47	CKS.
ber merke hold reynol	St. Paul pfd
Western Thion 76%	Wabash 53%
Adams Express 95	LEON WAYDE,
American Express 61	Terre Haute prd 33
United States Ex 69%	Chicago & Alton 1085 Chicago & Alton pfd1105
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Havler 125	HAKE Shore,
Marlam wed 118	'Indiana Central of 2
Pittsburgh & Ft. W 88	Union Pacific stock 347
Northwestern 60%	Union Pacific bonds., 85 (Central Pacific bonds, 95
Northwestern prd 12%	Del., Lack & Western 104
Now Jorgey Clantral 10216	Boston, Hart, & Erie. 23
St. Paul	Carried State and Principality of the
THE REAL PROPERTY.	Complete the call with the
AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY	Market Street St

ecord Tuesday, Jan. 27:

en av. 240 ft e of Wes Warren av, 240 ft e of Western av, n f, 34x1243/ft, dated Jan, 10; consideration, \$2,250.

Warren av, 264 ft e of Western av, n f, 24x1243/ft, dated Jan, 10; consideration, \$2,250.

Western av, 192 ft n of Fulion at, e f, 24x125 4-10 ft, dated Dec. 4, 1873; consideration, \$2,500.

Bame property, dated Dec. 4, 1873; consideration, \$2,500.

Henry st, 46% ft s of Lafin st, s f, 24x124 ft, dated Dec. 18, 1873; consideration, \$970.

Hickory st, s s cor of Deering st, n f, 23 5-100x100 ft, dated Jan. 26; consideration, \$1,000.

Harrison st, 265 ft w of Oakley st, n f, 24x125 ft, dated Jan. 21; consideration, \$1,400.

Milwaukee sv, 220% ft n w of Fig st, n e f, 25x125 ft, dated Jan. 21; consideration, \$2,500:

Washington st, n s cor of May st, s f, 50x100 ft, dated Jan. 2; consideration, \$1,500.

Redfield st, 280 ft s of Elston road, n f, 25x105 ft, dated Jan. 21; consideration, \$1,500.

Warren sv, 320 7-10 ft w of Staunton sv, n f, 24x125 ft, dated Jan. 20; consideration, \$1,500.

Jefferson st, 34% ft s of Enghteenth st, s f, 24x100 3-10 ft, dated Jan. 20; consideration, \$1,500.

Barber st, 251 ft s of Union st, n f, und ½ of 25x73 ft, with other property; consideration, \$1,000.

Fulton st, 170 ft s of Robey st, n f, 30x120 83-150 ft, dated Jan. 26; consideration, \$4,600.

NORTH OF CITY LIMITS.

dated Jan. 26; consideration, \$4,600.

SOUTH OF CITY LIMITS.

SOUTH OF CITY LIMITS.

SOUTH OF CITY LIMITS.

\$5, dated June 16, 1873; consideration, \$750.

SOUTH OF CONTROL \$750.

Lot 10, Block 1, and Lot 0, Block 2, Nicholes & McCullough's Subdivision in s e \$1 s e \$1 se \$2. \$8. \$4. dated Jan. 22; consideration, \$1,100.

Lot 18, Block 7, Assessor's Division of Lots 17 to 21, Sec 16, 38, 14, dated Jan. 21; consideration, \$2,000.

COMMERCIAL.

Tuespay Evenine, Jan. 11.

The following were the receipts and shipments of the leading articles of produce in Chicago during the past twenty-four hours, and for the

corresponding date one year ago:						
CONTRACTOR NAMED	RECE	RECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.		
els. They means	1374.	1873,	1874.	1973.		
Flour, bris	11,183	9,679	7,510	2,196		
Wheat, bu	112,270	22,360	69,255	3,198		
Corn, bu	21,238	99,130	17,321	430		
Oats, bu	28,230		15,368	2,084		
Rye, bu	1,100	4,290	700	*******		
Barley, bu	14,560	13,460	16,806	1,278		
Grass seed, ha	108,579	75,278	81,733	44,660		
Fiax seed, ibs	*****	4,350	33,447	7,935		
Broom corn, hs	253,270	149,600		1038,866		
Cured meats, hs		149,000	115	52		
Beef, bris	188	120 W G-12 W	811	10		
Pork, bris		60,760	49,285	314,750		
Tallow, Rs		46,688	42,536	314,750		
Butter, ibs		58,771	40,155	11,970		
Dressed hogs, No		5,713	4.626	1,324		
Live bogs, No	8,685	22,413	3,054			
Cattle, No		2,693	468	1,170		
Sheep, No		1,969	S CHIM-6	179		
Hides, ha	188,979	206,942	91,600	137,462		
Highwines, bris	124	415	177	481		
Wool, 166	90,032	177,679	98,956	15,960		
Potatoes, bu	Section.	2,290		*******		
Lumber, m ft	158,000	126,000	744,440			
Shingles, m	1360,000	240,000	1141,000			
Lath, m		*******	30,000			
Sait, bris	150	340	532	1,317		

continues one of their pripcipal features. The former staple is very scared, and trading is restricted in our may retail way, but alocks are light, and dealers hold their property with considence. Hops were might request; Eastern have advanced, which, with a prospect of a better demand next mouth and light sicoles, tends to impart a stronger tone to the market. Hay was dull and weak at pravious quotainon. Hungarian, millet, and clover seed weep in which demand, but other seeds and without alteration in pracedime. The poultry markets was quiet and easy.

Highwines were in better demand, and firmer, though with no apocial improvement reported from New York or Cincinnati. Sales were noted of 150 bits at 90c, and 50 bits at 90c, the outside price being paid near the close.

Dressed hogs were in good demand, and a shade druner, though most holders anticipated a decline in consequence of the restend of the control of the control

The state of the s

the falling off estimated several weeks ago by some of our well-informed operators. Beller this month or seller February, or regular No. 2, were steady at 43½,0, closing rather tame. Seller March sold at 44½,0, closing rather tame. Seller March sold at 43½,0, closing sat the inside. Seller May was dull at 490. Car lots of fresh receipts of No. 2 sold early at 43½,0, closing fire total, 1,200 bu do at 43½,0; 600 bu do at 43½,0; 1,800 bu do at 33½,0. Total, 12,000 bu.

Rye was in better demand, and advanced 20 per bu, owing to a paucity of offerings, to 800 for regular No. 2, and 82c for fresh receipts of do, closing firm. The receipts are diminishing to almost nothing. Sales were reported of 1,600 bu No. 2 at 82c; 800 bu do at 81c; and 2,400 bu do at 80c. Total, 4,800 bu.

Barley was quiet, with little change in prices. There was not much offered, and the demand was light. The market was very irregular, as usual; at \$1.70 for Northwestern No. 2; about \$1.62@1.65 for do in other houses; \$1.50 for Northwestern No. 3; \$1.43,261.43½ for do in other houses; and \$1.350 for Northwestern No. 3; \$1.43,261.43½ for do in other houses; and \$1.350 l.40 for rejected, according to location. Cash sales were reported of 1,200 bu No. 2 (N. W.) at \$1.70; 5,000 bu do at \$1.62; 400 bu No. 2 (N. W.) at \$1.70; 5,000 bu do at \$1.63; 800 bu rejected at \$1.70; 400 bu do at \$1.45; 800 bu rejected at \$1.70; 400 bu do at \$1.45; 800 bu do at \$1.45; 900 bu do at \$1.35 delivered. Total, 22,200 bu.

The following are the footings of the official report of grain in store in this city on the evening of Saturday last, and at corresponding dates:

1,874 5,265 2,964 74,342 .... 458,329 1,026,984 19,841 74,390 2,207 579 688,445 559,985 1,104,897 Total.... No. 2. 222 No. 2. 63,234 Rajacited. 3,219 No grade. 300 Total 222 63,358 1,699 100 5,885 240,991 1,225 No grade. 209

Total 66,835 65,379 248,101

\*\*BARLEY.\*\*
No. 1 2,208 3,528
No. 2 226,218 237,114 249,582
No. 3 96,915 115,437 68,438
Rejected 19,751 19,468 16,663
No grade. 482

345,092 376,279 324,528

PROVISION EXPORTS.

The New York Produce Exchange Weekly gives the following as the foreign exports of the hog product from the ports of New York and other under-mentioned places from Oct. 28 to Jan. 21, 1874, inclusive, as compared with the exports from all United States ports from Nov. 1

to Jan. 22, 1873:	nited 8	tates porus i	rom nov.
Prom New York Boston Portland Montreal Philadelphia Baltimore New Orleans	786 76 8,600 1,725		Bacon, hams nd ahoustlers Tbs. .71,687,96 23,685,26 3,481,31: 903,90 1,888,15 2,988,99 267,00
Total Oct. 28, 1873, to Jan. 21, 1874 Total all U. S. ports	87,262	62,412,196	104,789,59
Nov. 1, 1873, to Jan. 22, 1874	84,305	59,973,790	85,451,43
Increase	2,956	7,561,594	19,338,15

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Por further particulars, apply in Cardiff, at the Compur further particulars, apply in Cardiff, at the Com-ROTFOE-This Company takes the risk of insurance (up to 8:06,000 in gold) on each of its steamers, they give passengers the past possible guarance for asfet as avoidance of danger at sec.

The most scalinest route has always been adopted by this Company to avoid ice and headlands.

To LIVERPOOL and QUEENSTOWN, from Pasts Nos. 61 and 67, North River, New York.

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To LIVERPOOL and QUEENSTOWN, from Feel Nos. 64 and 6, North Rieer. New York.

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FIRST-OLASS IRON STEAMSHIPS, Between NEW YORK and LIVERPOOL,

Carrying the United States Mail. FW Passengers booked to and from the principal Ba-repoun perts as knews sales.

Drafts and Letters of Credit issued on leading Banks and Banksve throughout Knrope. HENRY GREENEBAUM & CO.,

STATE LINE.

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How Handy Andy Ke

Houses Entered and Pro

When Sam Lover wrote the ing story that made the southing andy "famous, Chicago was si in a state of chaos—the land tyied from the waters, and the rafher amphibious territory few in numbers and vasily too

entered a

PLEA OF GUILLT.

He was, accordingly, sentones confinement in the State Penils well-disposed people hoped this cal—as was only 23—would be all harm for the allotted period.

HIS WESSMANDER WAS AGENT OF THE WAS AGENT OF PRINCIPLE OF THE WAS AGENT OF T

has the geft of conversational "degree. All this, taken in conjugations are considered by the conjugation of the conjugation of

Just now the purioning fever North Division, and among the bean robbed in the residence of J. Brass. Nearly all were performed in the of day while the admar. The circumstances beausess began to make people thief of more than ordinary adrecting "time work." The Andy" had disappeared from after his over-humans "partitionents armor of his death arculated some months ago, to began to believe that the gritten the generalization of the up private property.

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EAN STEAMSHIPS. ORK TO CARDIFF. des Atlantie Steamship Company's New i-powered, Clyde-built Steamships will givania Railroad Wharf, Jersey City: 

and upwards. articulars, apply in Cardiff, at the Com-vo. I Dock Chambers, and in New York to THA LIP BA YTER & CO., Aronia. No. 17 Bro TIONAL LINE. in Company takes the risk of insurance (up rold) on such of its steamers, thus giring your toesshie guarantee for safely and milisely route has always been adopted by a world ice and headlands.

OOL and GUERNSTOWN, from Piers Burth River, New York.

Jan. 21 Kgypt. Fob. 32

Fob. 1 Geneda. Fob. 33

For Lenden (direct), Wednowlay, Feb. 4 at 2 p. m. age; S70, S90, and SSO Currency, secrage, S29 Currency.

bearings, \$59 Carrency.

at reduced rates. Passenges booked to and Scandina vian points at low rates.

of this line are the largest in the trade.

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LASS IRON STEAMSHIPS, EW YORK and LIVERPOOL, the United States Mail. Y AND COMFORT. on booked to and from the principal En-terest rates.

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to In Chancery. James Tillinghast, Ad-the will annexed of the estate of Thomas sed, vs. Job Andrews, and othersy-

TIONAL CURRENCY.

Packages IONAL CURRENCY

FOR SALE AT BUILD OFFICE. that Brilliant Operator Co Again: 80

HANDY ANDY.

The Report of His Death a Delusion and a Snare.

the b Cultivating the North and South Divisions.

A Prominent Merchant Tells the

How Handy Andy Kept His Word About That Cross.

Houses Entered and Property Taken Negotiations Propos

When Sam Lover wrote the laughter-provoking story that made the soubriques of "Handy Andy" famous, Chicago was still, so to speak, in a state of chaos—the land being hardly divided from the waters, and the inhabitants of the rather amphibious territory being much too few in numbers and vastly too simple in their hearts to furnish employment for even a thirdrats "cracksman." The character painted by the Hibernian humorist was harmless and jolly, but, somehow, the name had a ringing deviltry in it, and rescaing it from the pages of the novel, a youthful scarap named

EDWARD LOWE, she first saw light by the shores of Lake Eric, appropriated it to himself, and made it notorious in the criminal annals of this city.

It is fresh in the public memory that in the fill of 1869 all sections of the city were startled by a series of daring burglaries, occurring with marvelous rapidity of succession. The police were confounded. The robbers left no clue, and the persons robbed were reduced to the humilisting necessity of

sere confounded. The robbers left no clue, and the persons robbed were reduced to the humiliting necessity of PARLETING WITH THE PLUMDERERS.

set mying ransom for property which was legally their own.

Taking advantage of police lethargy, the enterprising vagabond Lowe, who was the head-rating of the robber ring, became negotiator, and had the hardibood to act in person as the agent between the thieves and their victims.

LEADERS VICTIMS.

Among the prominent citizens whose property diminished by the attentions of the midnight measurement were Ira Holmes, Samuel Hale, and Peter Schuttler. With these three gentlemen his man calling himself "Handy Andy" had suffactory interviews, and succeeded in rating a handsome thing, in ready cash, out of his netarious transactions. It is recorded of his that, in concluding his bargain with Mr. Schuttler, the latter discovered among the valuable away from him, as if afraid of an accelest. "Andy" eyed him coolly, and, laughing carelessly, said, "Don't be straid. Tan't leaded, but here's one that is," and he impeds againteently the butt of a hage "navy" that dagled from a belt. It is unnecessary to state that the great wagonmaker did not prolong the conversation under such circumstances.

plete, that the robbor confessed everything, and butered a

PLEA OF GUILTY.

He was, accordingly, sentenced to ten years' sonfinement in the State Pentientiary, and all well-disposed people hoped that the young rascal—he was only 23—would be kept and from all harm for the silotted period.

HE PERSUADING WAYS.

Edward Lowe, however, had the dangarous gift of plausibility. Byron must have had his protetype in his poetic ere when he wrote of the romants blackgrard who was "the mildest-mannered man that ever scuttled a ship or cut a tiroat." Mr. Lowe is tall, slight, and no far from handsome. He has gentle brown eyes and a curved upper lip—a sort of Cupid's bow, inherited from his mother, who is said to be a very comely woman. He sloo had a "hacking cough," indications of an early grave, and all that sort of thing. He played all manner of card games, and has the gift of conversational "gab" so a manked egree. All this, taken in conjunction with a muniscive demeanor, made him popular among the jaif officials in Joliet, and, seeing that he was, to all appearance, on the high road to storaity, viz the grave-yard, the popie down there thought that "Andy" ought to be allowed to street his limbs in freedom, so that his latest breath might be drawn in complete and the latest breath might be drawn in complete that himself, a member of the firm of Hale & Ayer, from merchants. Therefore it is no wonder that the Executive felt.

ince into this view of the subject was, it is thesed Mr. Samuel Hale himself, a member of the firm of Hale & Ayer, from merchants. Therefore it is no wonder that the Executive felt sympathetic, and last summer the official flat was renounced, and "Handy Andy" left the resituating "to die," as he said to the Warden when leaving that institution."

THE SECTEL,

Now comes the sequel. Shortly before Christmas the more wealthy denizens of the South Division, particularly on Michigan avenue, began to complain of repeated robbers, perpetrated in a most incomprehense, perpetrated. Among the prominent perse robbed were Mr. T. W. Harvey, the relations tunber-merchant; No. 331 Michigan avenue; Mrs. Kate N. Doggett, Mrs. Perry smith, Mr. Tilden, and many others. The robert, or robbers, appeared to disclain may theft of small proportions, and chiefly aimed at jewelry, in this way they visited some hundred houses, being more or less successful in all their enter-

Just now the purioning fever is raging in the Kerth Division, and among the places that have been robbed in the recidence of the late Hoger. It has been been to be the second of the late Hoger. It has been to be the second of the late Hoger to be the second of the late Hoger to be the second of the late Hoger to be the second of the late has been to make records think that some

peared by a nervous servant, who appeared to regard the visitor as an emissary from "Handy Andy." The name of The Tennous reassured her, and Mr. Harvey soon made his appearance in the parlor. The following conversation ensued;
Mr. Harvey—Good evening. What can I do for you?

"What do you know of the affair?" interrupted the reporter.

THE PARTICULARS.

Mr. Harvey—My place was robbed just before Christmas. We were at dinner. In the forence noon the girl observed a man opening the parlor blinds and looking in, but she imagined that he had mistaken the house, and he went away immediately. When the nurse got through her dinner she went up stairs, and thought she heard some noise through the house. That was strange, she thought as we were all at dinner. She got up to look around, and asw's man leave by the back entrance. We made search, and discovered that several articles of jewshry had been stolen. Well, by and by, we heard of a lot more such robberies.

of this in The Thirdne—it may defeat a good purpose.

The reporter, he grieves to admit, made a promise, with the mental reservation that it should be agreeable to the city editor.

Reporter—What leads you to think that "Andy " is manipulating this business?

Mr. Harvey—the cart-like cunning. His ear-marks are there.

BOUND TO HAVE IT.

Reporter—But what particular reason have you for changing him with the thefts?

Mr. Harvey—Here's a pretty strong circumstantial point: When "Andy " was on his trial last, among the goods found upon him was a heantiful pearl cross belonging to Mrs. Hate N. Doggett. When be was sentenced he observed to the Jailor, or the Bailiff, that he was bound to have that cross yet. Well, Mrs. Doggett was robbed the other day, and among the valuables missing is that same pearl cross! Now, what do you think of that?

The reporter confessed that it looked rather like the handiwork of Mr. Lowe.

Mr. Harvey—The detectives, I understand, are after the thieves; but I sappose they can do nothing. Mrs. Perry Smith was robbed to the une of \$3,000 worth of jewelry. Now, the North Side is having quite a panic over these visitations.

\*\*DIRECTIVER IN PARDONS.\*\*

North Side is having quite a panic over these visitations.

A DIRPELIEVER IN PARDONS.
Reporter—What do you think of pardoning consumptive criminals?

Mr. Harvey—I think that when a man like "Andy" confesses his guilt, and is sent down for a moderate term, he ought to be made to serve it out under any circumstances. I don't believe in the pardon business anyhow. See what we gain by it.

As it was evident that Mr. Harvey was fast begoming misanthropic, the reporter thought it best to take leave, and bade the urbane gentleman good-night.

AMUSEMENTS.

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TRIBUNA PRESENTED HAVE COME to sait you about "Mr. Harvey" Good evening. What can I do for you? "The follow and his recent exploits." The follow the first of the format is the following the followin

The last week of Mr. Owens' engagement is to be a brilliant one. "Self," which has hither to be a brilliant one. "Self," which has hither to been played to good business, will give place this evening to Mr. Owens' best piece, "[Caleb Plummer," with that finished actor in the title role. He has become as nearly indentified with Caleb Plummer as with Solon Shingle, and the former is a masterpiece where the latter in a clever characterization. The slory is familiar, being nothing else than "The Cricket on the Hearth," by Charles Dickens, and the most successful dramatization of any of that creator's works. It will be played to night and to-morrow only, "The Heir-ai-Law" and "Young America" being presented Fridey.

The appearance of this giant of the modarn stage at Hocoley's Theatre with his full company ought to crowd the house fuller than it ever was packed. The public are awaking to a sense of regret that any of his creations were lost to them. The present is the last opportunity they will have of seeing the greatest actor of the present day in three of his best characters, Ingomar, Robert, Earl of Essex, and Obello. These have been usleed as his most openiar parts, and ought to be carefully studied by everybody. The sale of seats commence to-morrow, and Salvini plays Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday nights.

PERSONAL

death. Both were Judges. It runs in the family.

Judge Harrison was thrown from his earriags at Guilford, Conn., Monday, while trying to pass the Bev. W. H. H. Murray. Both gentlemen were driving at full speed.

Gen. and Mrs. George B. McClelian spent Christmas at Marseilles, the guests of Frank W. Potter, United States Consul at that port. They sailed for Palermo the day following.

Ben Wood, of New York, owns the only morning daily in Charleston, S. C.

Gen. James Shields, of Carrollton, Mo., has got so he can walk around. One of his legs was broken on the 5th of May last.

Moses Hampton, a Whig member of Congress, 1847-51, and of late years President Judge in Pittsburgh, Ps., will offer himself this year as a member for Congress.

—Ot, John R. Popham has been designated by Judge Huphes as Clerk of the United States Court for the Eastern District of Virginis aff Richmond.

—The new Speaker of the Lower House of the

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

AGENTS WANTED. A GENTS WANTED—MALE AND FEMALE, FOR A the best selling article ever invented; it sells itself or the sell steel of the sells itself or the sells of the sells itself or the sells itself or the sells of the sells itself or the sells of the sells of the sells itself to the sells of the sells o INSTRUCTION.

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Warren av., 28 foot les, Bet. Leavithest, and Oakley, Lake et., house and let, near Atm., Jackson et., house and let, near Atm., Jackson et., house and let. near Jeffins.

62:189 foot, corner Madison and Fifty-fifthests.
HYDE PARK.
10x163 foot, corner Madison and Fifty-fifthests.
LAKE VIEW.
147:175 foot on Groen Bay road, near Diversappel.
LOKWOOD PARK.
NOKWOOD PARK.
1,000 fout centrally located and destrable, cheap.
TOR SALE-2 OR SOURS FRET ON MORAWK-ST.
1 near Sophia; price, 800 per foot. BNYDER & LET.
1 Nicon Building, northests corner Mource and La

I OR SALE WARREN AV. 2 STORY FRAME house, il reome, modern improvemente, lot linite, il warren av. sear Union Fark. SNYIDER & LEE. 16 (120) Eastern Sauling, northeast corner Morres and Law. Nixon Building, northeast corner Mourceand Labelle-etc.

FOR SALE-Interiff FEST, SOUTHWEST CORNER

of Cottage Grove-av, and Fest fifthet.; price, 878
per foot; terms to suit. SNYDER & LAR, is Nixon
Building, northeast corner Mource and LaSalie-sts.

FOR SALE-ses LOTS IN THE DISTRICT ROUSD—
etc by Siste, Habited, Twenty-sixth, and Thirtyeighthe-six free reactions, per court. Apply to the
ounce, ALBERT CRANE, 118 Mource-etc.

FOR SALE-AT A BARGAIN-LOTS ON WESTern-av., Lexington, Polk, Taylor, and Campbell-av.
Parties wishing to build-no mouncy required down. Inquire at 128 South Clark-st., in bank.

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POR SALE—HOUSE AT WELLS-ST. DEPOT CON.

I taining sine rooms, good store and brick basement, newly classiced and painted; 4% years' lease. M.

OBYRAR, 9. Kinsie-sk.

POR SALE—LWO LARGE AND ELEGANT house, with large lots, cast fronts, between I wanterfirm and the control of the contro POS SALE See PRET, RAST PRONT, ON MICHI-gan-av., and life feet, east front, on Walsach av., pos-Fifty-sixth-st., on 5 years' time, cheep. THOS. A. HILL, 123 Dearborn et. FOR SALE—CHEAP, BY THE OWNER, SIX GOOD Phouses on South Side, \$5,000 to \$6,000; 3 lots near Arober-av. and Halsted-st.; 32 acres on the bluff at Washington Heights adjoining Morgan Park, very cheap.
A. J. SAWYER, 184 LASalie-st. POR SALE - to LOTS ON UNION, SHERMAN, AND Walksowske, near the Union Stock Yards. Will be sold sheap and on easy terms. Inquire of J. Sheriers at the Stock Yards keahangs, or 5 SNYDER & LEE is Nixon Building, northeast corner Monroe and Lassille-sts. Salie-sts.

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Post average of the passing of the control of the c Block.

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C ment brick on Washington-et.; 6-room sottage or
Walnutet.; 7-room cottage on Park-ar, lot 65194, a
parity prices. Call on D. LEONARD, 179 East Madison-et panic prices. Call on D. LEUNARD, IN East Manison-to.

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week, cetaggin marble-front, finished handsomely. A

great bargain. Owner next door, 70 Monros-si.

I'OR SALE—CHEAP LOTS ON HARRISON, ABER

I' deen, said Sholto-sis. Water, gas, sireof paved, and
on long time, KERR, DAVISON & WELCH. 16: LaSalle-st. FOR SALE-A FEW LOTS AT THE N. W. CAR.
F. weeks and Gentral Park, with a guarantee of 10 necont. big short for an advance. Inquire of D. LEONARD, 70 Sast Mediton-st. FOR SALE RESIDENCES ON SOUTH SIDE worth from \$9,000 to \$40,000. CANFIELD & MAT-TESON, & LaSalle st.

Tworth from 55.00 to \$64,000. CANFIELD & MATTESOM, So Laballess.

FOR SALE—OHRAP, 60:100 FRET ON CLINTONsit, near Harrison. L. R. R., as Brighton.
Secree and front, Soc. S. S. S.
10 lots near Cotton Mill. JOSEPH DONNERSBERGER, basement southwast our. State and Washington.sis.

FOR SALE—STORY AND RASEMENT SANDstone front house, with brick barr, on Indiana-av.
near Thirt-dirictes, Saless. Secree bases and PUT
NAM & NEW MELL, SHOWN 16.4 Washington-sis.

FOR SALE—OURNER INDIA NA. AV. AND THIRty-third-st, the finest residence lot on the avenue, 78
1265; will sed without any money down to parties who will
build. J. H. KRELER, 10 Clark-st.

Domining minauthropies, the reporter though his beautiful and the company of the control of the \$1.000 WANTED FOR THREE YEARS ON \$1.000 WANTED FOR THREE YEARS ON real estate worth \$3.00; also, money to loan on short time. ENOUGH HOWARD & CO., Room 2 McCormick Ricox.
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\$7,500 \$4,000, \$8,000 TO LOAN ON LONG PALMER, JR., Rooms & and Tr, West Washington, and the Real Research Resea 88.000 TO LOAN FOR SHORT TIMEON REAL

Major Bilock.

\$10.000-97.000, 96.000 TO UOAN ON CHICAGO real cristian; Buddent's commission. Ale-PRED JAMES, southwest corner of Madison and Clark.
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OR SALE to LOTS IN BECK'S (FIRST) SUBDIvision as Normal School; \$400 each; one-fourth cash ance in 1, 2, and 3 years. HULBURD & CO., 30 Lots of the control Alice L. LOCK SALE CHOICE LOTS NEAR THE NEW I Hyde Park depot, for sale to parties who desire locations for residences, on extremely favorable terms. These are lots that will pay any one to buy for a homestead GEORGE THORP, Room 6, 12s South Clark-st. the loss that will pay any one to buy for a homestoad.

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acres, with water front, at a great bargain; best investment in that vicinity at the price. Also, 5, 16, 26, 28, 48,

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wagen, cit., for sale cheap, doing good business.

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A PROFITABLE MANUFACTURING BUSINESS for the Creams will because of other business of for the control of the control Callest, To LOAN ON DIAMONDS, WATCHRS, Monty TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, WATCHRS, Month, etc., at LAUNDER'S private office. Its Randolph etc., near Clark. Established 1854.

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LYANTED-ENERGERIC AND A OCTIVE CANVAS. with stant is south Clarkes, Room 2.

W. ANTED ENRIGHTIO AND ACTIVE CANVAS—
were to solicit subscriptions for the New York Independent; Room and the Section State of the Section State of the Section State of the Section Section State of the Section Secti WANTED—A YOUNG GERMAN OR SCANDINAvian boy that can read and write English. Apply as
G. DUSKE, to Milwacke-av.
WANTED—A ACTUR LAD, 17. YEARS OF AGE,
WANTED—A ACTUR LAD, 17. YEARS OF AGE,
first year, 218. Best of references required. Address 8
65, Tribune office.

TO RENT-ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS BY the day, west, or mouth, with Rime, 55 and 67 Dear-born-si. Charges reasonable. Offer, Room El. TO RENT-120 RANDOLPH-57., NEAB CLARK-Furnished rooms, \$110 616; also large untrunshed I Furnished rooms, \$13 to \$16; also large unfurnished moon, chasp.

TO RENT-ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS, I by the day, week, or month; cheapest sent in the city, at the fit yallon European Rines, 152 Desphores.

TO RENT-WARM FRONT ROOM IN A PRIVATE I family, is one or two gentlesses. 4 South Carpenter, near Washington-st. en, St. References required. 55 West Lake-st.
TO RENT\_S SMALL ROOMS ON SECOND FLOOR,
with power, low rest: in building 47 and 48 Scath Canai-st. EERR, DAVISON AWELOH, 125 LaSalie-st.
TO ERNT—4 ROOMS AND GLOSSTE, PART FURnished; will sell furniture if desired, or three unfurnished rooms to rest chang. 55 Emms-st., half block
from Milwaukes-av. cars. from Milwankes-ar. cars.

TO RENT-ROOMS NEWLY FURNISHED IN MSW
1 matrile-brast, with all spoders conveniences. Term
moderate. It South Ann-4t.
TO RENT-TWO OR THESE MOOMS, WITH ALL
1 conveniences for housekeeping, at \$15 per month.
Also one very large front room, furnished or unfurnished,
for lodging, with or without board, at 75 Wabash-av.
TO RENT-TWO ROOMS, MOZELT FURNISHED,
1 for gentlemen, in private family, at 10 South Greenst., near Moarce.
TO RENT-SECOND-STORY FRONT BOOMS, 60
1 North Ann-st., nicely furnished, good closets, gas,
bath-room connecting; teferances required. A forth Ann-st., sicely furnished, good closets, gas, between consecting; references required.

TO RENT-FIRST-OLASS ROOMS, EN SUITE OR It cingle; all modern improvements. 20 East Indians., between State and Disactorm.

TO RENT-TILL MAY NEXT, OR TILL MAY, 1835, eight in lee rooms, suitable for office and residence, for family or sleeping rooms; splendtd location for first-class decties; well lighted and ventilisted. 27 West Maddison.e., Inquire M. Maddisonet, up-stairs, of Dr., W OARR. Cheap to first-class leant; none other need apply.

TO RENT-A SUITE OF NICELY-FURNISHED rooms, for two or three guillening; terms reasonable. Apply at Parior 8, 161 and 18 Mast Washington et. TO RENT-STORES, OFFICES, &c.

TO RENT-SHOOND, THIRD, AND POUR phories of No. 4 East Washington-at, suitable wholesals or light manufacturing boulances. I stories of No. 4 East Washington-at., suitable for wholes do or light namefacturing business; contains vanil and slewator, and is well lighted; \$1,50 per annum. E. ELY, Washah-ax, corner of Monroe-at.

TO RENT. IN THE NEW TIVE-STORY BUILDING Nos. 184 and 188 State-at., opposite the Falmer House, hasement and four lofts, 52/18 feet. This is one of the very best locations in Chicago, Good light, front, side, and rear. To good particulative rout will be low. Apply on the pressions. A. N. NUTTING.

TO RENT.-STORE-ROOM NO. 78 SOUTH HALT-tied-st., near Madison. KERR, DAVISON & WELCH, 181 Labelle-st. O RENT-STORE AND FOUR ROOMS, 400; GOOD location for laundry. 30 North Wells-st. Offices.

TO RENT-OFFICES IN THE PORTLAND BLOCK;
cas suitable for life insurance; one autiable for loan
broker, one autiable for real estate; all at prices to suit
the times. Apply at Room IT. T. LYKAN

Miscellaneous
O RENT-ROOMS, WITH STEAM-POWER, AT
26 East Washington-st.

TO BENT-HOUSES TO RENT.-HOUSES.
TO RENT.-S-GRORY AND BASEMENT HOUSES.
IOB and left Wabash-av. Inquire at left Wabash-av.
TO RENT.-OB FOR SALE-TRE HOUSE SAME FT...
On sontheest corner Kinais and Franklin-sis, known as the Well-st. Dupon House, additing title C. S. W. (Well-st.) Passenger Dopol. St passenger-trains arrive and depast daily has fine brick basement, large store and back-seem, and sevent fine recent up-toins, newly plantered and painted throughpuls. M. OFFKNIS, St Rast Kinais-st.
TO RENT.-COTTAGE 672 WEST INDIANA-ST.;
Takes 3-story house 67 Hubbard-si., chemp. W. Wallers, Room, 1, 38 State sts.
TO RINT.-I-ROOM COTTAGE PARK-AV.; 4.
Troom cottage garner Walmin and Wood; 1-room ton-cities, house 86 Washington-sk. D. LEUNARD, 117
Kast Machine, 4.

WANTED-TO RENT. ANTED-TO REST - A EUROPEAN HOTEL, with about 100 lodging-rooms. Address GUSTIN & LLACE, Room 2 Tribune Building. WALLACE, Score 3 Tribute Saiding.

WALLACE, Score 3 Tribute Saiding.

WANTED-TO RENT-FOR JOSSING TRADE, store or good into: State-st. geoletred; will pay from Stot to St. 005, seconding to location; good reinvector. Address R S. Tribute office.

WANTED-TO RENT-COTTAGE IN GOOD neighborhood on West Citie. from Said- 625 per security; good tenant. William & Califfrant, In Landings Company of the Said- 625 per security; good tenant. William & Califfrant, In Landings Company of the Said- 625 per security; good tenant. WANTED-TO REFE ON SOUTH SIDE, burst district, proving course or lotte spilled by the confidence of the community of the commu el generale MACHINERY.

SMALL, WELL-ROUIPPED MACHINE SHOP.
A rare bargain. GERRIT V. ORTON, Machine
Ober, 20 East Washington et. OR SALE PORTABLE ENGINES AND BOILERS, second-band, GERRIT V. ORYON, Machine Bre-, 20 Ras Washington-st.

SCOND-HAND PLANERS, AND PLANING AND

HOUSEHOLD GOODS. BRAKING UP HOUSHKERPING; WILL for cash bargains in furniture, carpois, afores, will trade for diamonds or Admirata watches. Callwei Jackson-th.

West Jackson-th.

Grant Jackson-th.

Gr URNITURE, HOUSEHOLD GOODS, AND Me chanding of every description at auction Wednesday

DE MATHEY AND MADAME MATTARDED

WANTED-FEMALE HELP. VANTED-A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOURS

WANTED-A GOOD SWEDERH, GREMAN,
By. B.T. HEAD, basement, Brissless,
WANTED-A COMPETENT GER. TO DO GEM,
ral housework, a German or Canadian professes
Lipty 25 West Jackon-S. Apply 38 West Jackon 48.

WANTED A GIRL TO PAKE CARE OF CHILdurph and assist in second west in a private family.
Call at 38 Lincoln av., between Websiter and Belden.

WANTED A GOOD GIRL TO HELP IN GENERAL
bonnework at 63 West Mourose-st. WANTED—A PIRST-OLASS GIRL (NONE OF need apply) to cook, wash, and from in a small, class, grivate locarding-bonse; come ready to work. West Washington-st. West Washingtonest.

WANTED-GOOD COOK, WASHER, AND IRON.
or. None-but good need apply. Good wages. Inquire at 174 South Sangamon-et.

WANTED-A GRENAN, SWEDR, OR NORWE.
Wath and trouse in a small family. Apply at 69 Michigan-avr., near Fourteenthest. WANTED-A COMPETENT GIRL TO DO CHAM-WANTED-AT & SOUTH MORGAN-ST, A GIRL with references. German, Norwegian, or American WANTED-AT 100 INDIANA-AV., A GIRL TO DO

WANTED—A WET NURSE, APPLY AT THE OFfice of De, HEYDOCK, 130 Dearborn-et, Room
13, between I and II, or between 5 and 4.

WANTED—A COMPETENT AND RELIABLE PREcan to nurse and take charge of a sick lady. Apply
at 123 Indiana-av.

WANTED-A YOUNG LADY TO ACT AS BOOKtemper for an academy. Estevanes required. Address, stating what salary expected, B ft, Tribune office.
WANTED-LADY CANVASSERS FOR THE REpublic Contemnia; most liberal terms offered. Call
or address Room 58, 158 LaSalle-st.

Trades.

CITUATIONS WANTED-BY TWO FIRST-CLA

New York men confectionen or pastry-cooks, in fi
ady business, restaurant, or host. Address St., Triber

SITUATIONS WANTED-FEMAL

Demastica.

PTUATIONS WANTED—BY TWO GRRMAN
of cirks, well recommended, one to cook, weath, and from
the other as according for seamstrees. Call once address
or see days, I. M. HS Ciphonar-av., North Side.

DYUATION WANTED—BY A. GIBL. TO COOK
Wash and iron, in a private family. Apply in rear of CITUATIONS WANTED—BY A SWEDISH GIRL, TO SEE A SWEDISH SEE A SWED SITUATION WANTED-BY A YOUNG GIRL T S do second work or to assist in general housework. Ap ply 181 East Righteenth-st. DIVIDE THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO Washington.

STUATION WANTED-BY A SUPERIOR WO MAN

Sto do general housework. Apply at office of La Creme

of Las, 48 Walnath-by, up-stairs.

STUATION WANTED-BY A SWEDE GIRL TO DO

general housework in the city or country. Call at 55

was Lake-st.

Soamstresses.
ITUATION WANTED—AS SEAM
directands all kinds of dressmaking; TUATION WANTED-BY A COMPETENT GIRL as insindress; can give first-ol

TUATIONS WANTED PERSONS WANT

Miscellaneous.

CITUATION WANTED—BY A WOMAN TO DO Description of the country, where she can keep her child, 3 years old, with her. A good home and not large wages desired. Apply the COUNTRY of the COUN Jefferson-st.

CITUATION WANTED—TO RDITORS AND PRINTD on-An experienced proof-reader desires employ-ment; good references here and elsewhere; has also as-sisted in general editorial work. Address U.S. Tribuna-office.

Heights, for carpets, furniture, etc., etc. 11 mass. Madison-et., Room 1.

TO EXCHANGE. SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR larms. L. A. GILDERT & FOR. 20. 20 LaSalie-st.

TO EXCHANGE. BY THE OWNEE. THE FINERY I fruit farm in Northern lilmois, 50 miles west of Oncaro. It has 10, 60 bearing fruit trees of choice or satellises, cone specificat and two common dwellings, three barra, cider house, otc.; I mile from dopes and village. A. J. SAWYER, 181 LaSalie-st.

TO EXCHANGE. TWO HOUSES AND LOTS IN Fort Scott, Kansas, and some each for drug store, city or country,—country preferred. Bo incombrance.

TO EXCHANGE. FOR BRAL ESTATE OR OASH. A. jorely store worth \$15,000. JOHN F. EBELLARY, 127 Washington-st. HART, 107 Washington-st.

TO EXCHANGE—A THREE-STORY AND BASEment marble-from with deep lot and large bare,
on avenue mear Twenty-second-st; want \$6,100 cash;
\$5,000 in mode, and \$61,000 in good property. PUTNAM
NEWELL, Bosm IS, 80 washington-st.

TO EXCHANGE—HOUSE AND LOT FOR \$6,000 TO

85, 500 farm west or north of city.
Lota on West Jackson-st. for \$6,000 to \$67,000 house.
Vacant lots for good horse and, buggg.
Improved and uningroved for farms.
ECOM IS, 161 LaSalle-st. MARN & CONGDON.

LOST-ON MONDAY, LADYS OVERSKIRT (gray). The finder will be suitably severable by re-tarning it to J. MILLAR'S Hair Store, 171 Sine Island av. LOST A GOLD NECKLACE WITH BLUE LOC attached, on the South Bide; powerd for the p L attached, on the South Bide; reward for the return to 182 State-ci.

I OST.-WILL THE PERSON WHO CALLED FOR up a wallest the Council of the State of the Person of the Called For the pay for eliting on Coreners Jusy, sales were referred up a wallest the Council Company, Bank for the Called Council of Called Council of

MISOELLANEOUS. AWY KIND OF COPYING DONE AT THERE REQUEST ROOM, Doeds made out as half-price. REQUEST, ROOM, IN MECCHANICAL RIPOL.

POOKS OPENED AND CLOSED, COMPLICATED as a county adjusted. West required as appearable to a by WEST, accountant, Koon M. Est. 3. CASH PAID FOR CAST OFF CLOVELING AN indication to the control of any third, by conding a best to 1.0 Kildell, ilean Office, of State-st.

Discontinuous process of any third, by conding a best to 1.0 Kildell, ilean Office, of State-st.

Discontinuous control of the control of PANEERING OR STOTTERING-NO CURR, IN. Dr. Band for directly, Office hours, Fa. E. 100 p. Dr. H. T. BANBOEN, IN ... Washington. HE HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR CAST-OF PERSONAL

Balleting for United States Senator in the Kansas Legislature.

Thirty-two Candidates Voted For and No Choice.

naguration of the New Administration in lowa---Gov. Carpenter's Address.

The Missouri Legislature Refuses Make Women Eligible for School Offices.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 27.—On the first ballot for to-day, thirty-two candidates were born, 20; Phillips, 19; Plumb, 17; Kingman; Harvey, 12; M. E. Hudson, 8. Seventeer andidates received 1 vote each; the remainder from 2 to 4 each. Osboru is depressed. He confidently expected 30 votes. One Senator taked to be excused from voting, but the request

naked to be excused from voting, but the request was not granted. He voted for Charles Summer, of Massachusetts.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 27.—The first ballot to-day only deepens the confusion that surrounds the sanvass, and renders the whole muddle inexplicable. The Reform caucus has been working zealously since 3 o'clock this afternoon to concentrate upon some candidate, but disorganizers, having obtained admission, are defeating the plaus of the caucus managers. Fifty-one members are present, and on the seventh ballot Johnson Clarke received 16 votes, the highest number cast for any caudidate. On cancus floor Col. Mason pronounced Clarke a lunatic, who could be convicted of lunacy before a jury. Ex-Gov. Robinson and Henry Bronson received the next highest votes. Members of the cancus are not required by pledgee to support the cancus monimee in joint convention if they have conscientious scruples to the contrary. Hence the opening for the admission of disorganizers. Probably the caucus will ballot until daylight, or break up in a row. The representatives of the logalis regime are plotting secretly to secure the efection of an unantabilitous, obscure individual, who would be content to save Ingallis first and Kansan next, trusting to consummate their designs through the Farmers' Movement. Ingalls does not desire the election of Phillips, and is not particularly favorable to Plumb.

Gen. Osborn has a heavy lobby pressure on the ground, and is playing a desperate game to win. It is believed that he will receive a terrible ecaching in joint convention, which will hasten his overthrow. Osborn belongs to the old ring of corruption, and never hesitates to use his official power for elf-promotion. Legate has prepared a petition to the Legislature, setting forth, with considerable proof, that Osborn promised salous-keepers, at the last election in Leavenworth, to veto a prohibitory liquor law if passed, provided they would cast their votes for candidates for the Legislature favorab

IOWA. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

THE INAUGURAL CEREMONIES.

DES MOINES, Ia., Jan. 27.—The inaugurat of Gov. Carpenter and Lieut.-Gov. Dysart took place in the House of Representatives to-day. There were comparatively few visitors in the city, and the parade was small. The Committee having the programme in charge made all things move smoothly and in order, but many of the Representatives took the opportunity which the day offered to visit their homes. Judge Cole, of the Supreme Court, administered the official onth, and then the Governor delivered his

was forced upon us, and could not be met timid-ly or conservatively. We must rise to the intel-ligence and patriotism personner to make its con-

mont of the nation ahead of those who clung so long to degraded labor. He said the present Administration was in accord with public sentiment. Grant's peace policy was distinguished equally for firmness and diplomacy, as was his war policy when the mation's life was threatere?. This was illustrated by the peaceful settlement of the Alabama claims, and the more recent settlement of the Spanish imbroglio.

COMING TO MATTERS AT HOME, he related the causes of the burdens of the people, and ascribed a full share to momopolies, protective tariff, etc. He said the difficulty could only be settled at home. What we need, and must have, for the producer, for the laborer, for the middleman, for the State, is a greater diversification of industry. We need this not only to employ surplus labor, and to furnish a market for home products, but we need it also to build up local markets of trade and mannfactures instead of pouring all our accumulations into the lap of great and central cities—a folly which has proved; the ruin of more than one nation now gone to decay. The General Assembly could do much to invite capital to the State, and thereby raise factories and workshops to consume our surplus of cereals.

Addressing himself to the Senators and Representatives, the Governor made an appeal for the display of honest manhood, and closed with a worthy tribute to James W. Grimes.

\*\*AFTER THE ADDRESS\*\*

the Joint Convention dissolved, and each House met and immediately adjourned. This evening the Governor is giving a reception at his house, which is being largely attended by citizens, Representatives, and visitors in the Capital.

MISSOURI.

Sr. Louis, Jan. 27.—The Lower House of the Legislature to-day, after a spirited debate, defeated the bill to allow women to be elected to office under the school laws, by a vote of 30 ayes WISCONSIN.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 27.—In the Senate, petions were presented to regulate text-books in mmon schools.

After long discussion, on a resolution of in-

After long discussion, on a resolution of inquiry in regard to certain expenses in connection with the last Legislative Manual alleged by some Reformers to be unauthorized, a substitute was adopted referring to a select committee the matter of reducing the expenses of the Manual.

Bills were introduced to regulate insurance companies; to abolish monopolies; to provide for the assessment of the track, rolling-stock, and other property of railroads; and to amend the charter of Mineral Point so as to enable that city to discharge its railroad debt. The last passed under suspension of the rules.

THE ASSEMBLY.

The report was presented of Lumber Inspector of District No. 2, showing 3,341,917 feet of logs scaled, and 1,964,107 feet of lumber measured in Marathon County; also a full report from the Secretary of State of expenditures on the Sturgeon Bay Canal.

A resolution lying over requiring members at the call of the roll to deposit any railroad passes they had received in the cap of a measunger-boy, was tabled, and a resolution for early sessions ras postponed a week.

Withinkas, The State Prison should be self-sustaing; and
withinkas, Said institution has been a heavy tax
pon the people in the past; therefore,
fleesteed, By the Assembly, the Senate concurring,
and a Special Joint Committee on Penal Institutions,
onsisting of five numbers, two from the Senate and
tree from the Assembly, shall be appointed, to whom
hall be referred, unless otherwise ordered, all matres pertaining to the Sinte Prison and Industrial
thool for boys, said committee to inquire into the
easthility of leasing the labor in said prison, and
tereby making it a source of revenue; and to report
an early day by bill or otherwise.

Bills were introduced to repeal the law of 1873,
reventing the use of imperfect copies of papers
i legal actions; to enable telegraph companies
is legal actions; to enable telegraph companies
is legal solitons; to enable telegraph companies
is lessue bonds to extend their lines; to ascerin the amount equitably due S. D. Carpenter
his old State printing contract, and to profle for its payment: making the material and

labor entering into the construction of a rail-road give the first lien thereon; appropriating \$500 to be expended under the direction of Prof. 8. F. Baird, to promote the artificial introduction and propagation of the better kinds of fish; to provide for attorneys' fees and costs in Justices' Courts; to provide for the security of costs and fees in cases remanded from Justices' Courts to courts of record by writs of certiorari; appropriating \$1,000 each to Columbia County, Book County, and Vernom County Poor Houses, also to Sheborgan County for charitable purposes, and for purposes not yet known; to provide that an incorporated village shall not have a special representative in the County Board of Supervisors without an assessed valuation of over \$75,000; to define the weight of a bushel of hay seed; to fit a reduced limit of stationery and postage-stamps for the members, officers, committees, and reporters of the Legislature; providing for branding wool for sale; amending probate practice in regard to the distribution of the estates of intestates.

the distribution of the SPECIAL COMMITTEES.

Messrs. Beed, Martin, and Royce were appointed a special committee on the Sturgeon Back and all expedition, and Messrs. Sawyer, Johnson and Railroad Transportation as

against loss by lightning as well as fire; to make the separate property of a married woman liable for debts contracted before marriage; also to make the husband liable for such debts when he has acquired his wife's property; to give Judges and Clerks of Elections \$3 a day; to anthorize the Governor to appoint three Trustees of the Penitentiary, the Trustees now in efficiency of the Constitutional Convention was passed, with a provise that members of the Convention shall not receive a per diem the fourteen days the Convention was not in session during the holidays.

frontier settiers whose crops last season were destroyed by grasshoppers.

In the Senate, committees were appointed to inquire into the charges that the St. Paul & Pacific Company arbitrarily limits elevator facil-ities, and makes discrimination against persons and places in Southern Minnesota.

MISSISSIPPI. MISSIS:3IPPI.

MEMPHIS, Jan. 27.—The Appeal's Jackson (Miss.) special says: In the Senate a bill was introduced to prevent unjust discriminations, extortionate rates charged by railroads; declaring the November election void; prohibiting the importation, manufacture or sale of spirituous liquors in the State.

CRIME.

Further Developments in the Poisoning Case at Pittsburgh.

Alleged Absconding of the Jersey City Treasurer with a Large Amount of Money.

A Servant Implicated in the Late Steiner Tragedy.

The Poisoning Case at Pittsburgh.
Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 27.—The very peculiar poisoning cases which were brought to light yes-terday through the charges made at the Mayor's office are still a general theme for conversation,

and a great deal of interest seems to be manifested in them by the public.

Dr. William J. Smith, who is in jail charged with the crimes, will have a preliminary examination on Thursday. His record is not of the best kind. Twenty years ago he was caught at counterfeiting, and turned State's evidence and got off free. Since the war he has been convicted of the same crime, and about a year ago par-

of the same crime, and about a year ago pardoned by the President. He told your correspondeut he was 61 years of age, and that he had
NEVER RECEIVED A DIFLOMA.
but that he had attended a course of lectures in
Cleveland, and had been practising medicine off
and on since 1848. He denied any criminality,
but he said his medicines had been doctored, and
this was a put-up job on him. The citizens generally look upon the result of his practice as entirely springing from his ignorance of the medicines he was using. They seem inclined to the
belief that there was no criminal intention on
his part.

his part.

AN UNDESTAKER'S EUSINESS.

This charlatan and prison-bird, in the year that he had lived in the ward, gained a larger practice than any other physician there, and the undertaker told me that he was instrumental in furnishing him more business than all the other doctors put together that resided in the ward.

Smith takes his arrest very coolly, evidently thinking that nothing can come of all the trouble now raised around his head.

A Missing City Trensurer.

New York, Jan. 27.—City Treasurer Alex D. Hamilton, of Jersey City, is missing. It is alleged that he has fled with several thousand dollars in city money and \$100,000 in water bonds. The official bond of Hamilton cannot be found.

found.

The Steiner Tragedy.

New York, Jan. 27.—The former cook of the Steiner family, four members of which were burned to death in their house two weeks ago, has been arrested, and is held pending the mquest of the Coroner. Silver plate, known to have been in the house, and jewelry belonging to the dead, cannot be found since the fire, and robbery and murder are now insinuated in connection with the terrible affair.

Alleged Maipractice.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

AUBURN, Ind., Jan. 71.—Dr. Hough, of Water-loo, is now on trial in the Circuit Court here, charged with malpractice. He attended a young lady, named Mary A. Smith, who died in Water-loo last September, under strange circumstances. Damages are claimed to the amount of \$5,000. There is a great deal of excitement over the case, and the Court-room is crowded constantly. Several of the best lawyers in Northern Indiana have been retained by both parties. The verdict is looked for with considerable interest. The Doctor has heretofore held a high standing in

A Sexton Arrested on a Charge of Complicity with Thieves.

New Yoax, Jan. 27.—A. W. Muerer, sexton of Trinity Church, was arrested to-day and held to bail in \$3,000, for alleged complicity in a number of thefts by one McKee, of Brooklyn. Other stolen property is said to have been found in the church.

Murder in Brown County, WisSpecial Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune,
FOND DU Lac, Wis., Jan. 27.—At a drunken
row in a groggery in Eaton, Brown County, on
Sunday, Patrick Flaherty stabbed and instantly
killed Carl Gunkel.

Sentenced to be Hanged.

AUBURN, N. Y., Jan. 27.—Michael Donahue, who killed a fellow-convict named Elihu Moore, in the State Prison here, has been convicted of murder in the first degree a second time, and been sentenced to be hanged March 20. Another murderer, Engler, a German, is also under sentence to be hanged here on the 6th of next month.

OHIO CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

OINCINNATI, Jan. 27.—Gen. Ewing's proposition to elect Supreme Judgee by the system of proportional voting was announced as lost this afternoon in the Constitutional Convention by a tie vote—38 on each side. It has been discovered that Carbery, of Hamilton, by a clerical error, was recorded with the nays. An effort to make a correction will be made upon the approval of the Journey to morrow.

Butus King. of Cincinnati, and Lewis D. Campbell, of Butler County, are talked of for successor to Chief-Justice Waite as President of the Constitutional Convention.

RAILROAD NEWS.

The Lafavette, Bloomington & Mississippi Railroad Inves-

Another Meeting of the Stockholders of Bloomington Township.

A Thorough Sifting of Matters

Other Railroad Items.

Decided Upon.

The Lafayette, Bleemington & Mississippi Investigation.

Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribuna.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Jan. 27.—Another meeting of the people of Bloomington Township was held here to-day to consider further action in matters pertaining to the stock of the Lafayette, Bloomington & Mississippi and Lothington.

Resolved, That the Supervisor be directed to take such steps as he shall deem necessary to protect the interests of this township as such stockholder.

Resolved, That Peter Whitmore, John Reed, and Jeremiah Welch, all being legal voters of this township, are hereby appointed as an Advisory Committee, and are empowered and advised to counsel with the Supervisor in the investigation and prosecution of such are empowered and advised to counsel with the Supervisor in the investigation and prosecution of such measures as may be by them deemed for the best interests of the township. 

\*Resolved, That, if found necessary, the said Supervisor is hereby empowered to employ experts and shed black tilent as may be required to protect the interests of Bloomington Township regarding this road,

\*\*STOCK HOLDERS\*\* EMERTING.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The second meeting of new Directors claim
ing to be the representatives of bons fide stock
will be held at Saybrook on Thursday next.

CORRESPONDENCE.
Begarding the L. B. & W. Road, Supervisor
Sunderland read the following correspondence
which had passed between him and Manager
Smith, of that line: W: C. W. Smith, General Manager I., E. & W. R. R., Urbana, IR.:

DEAR Stn: As Supervisor of the Town of Bloom-ington, I desire to make, in comnection with an ex-pert, an examination of the books and papers of your

pert, an examination of the books and papers of your Company.

The particular examination I desire to make will require an inspection of all such records and books of accounts of the corporation as contain entries of the cost of construction and equipment of your read; the original and supplemental contracts therefor; the amount of stock issued; to whom sold, and for what consideration; the amount of mortgage bonds issued; to whom sold, and for what consideration; also all contracts made and accounts kept with transportation and coal companies doing business with your road.

I write to accertain whether such examination will be permitted. I would be pleased to hear from you by return mail or as soon as convenient thereafter. Yours respectsully,

Supervisor Bloomington Township,

return nail or as soon as convenient thereafter. Yours respectsully,

Supervisor Bloomington Township.

REPLT.

L. B. & W. B. R., OFFICE OF GENERAL MANAGER, LUBLAND, Supervisor, Bloomington Township.

N. Sunderland, Ess., Supervisor, Bloomington, Ill.:

DEAR SIR: Your favor of the 18th came duly to hand. Absence from home has grewented an earlier reigs. Touching your request, in reply I can only repeat what I have already said to Charles Shackleford, Eq., of your city, who, as you, made a similar request on behalf of a Committee respresenting Empire Township. That you may not misunderstand our true position, I will say that, if you will come to our office in your official capacity as Supervisor of Bloomington Township, holding in custody, as you do, the stock belonging to the township, I will take pleasure in showing any records and giving you say and all facts

INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.
lowing resolution was page.

The following resolution was passed by nearly a unanimous vote, after prolonged discussion:

Wrsszas, A portion of the Committee appointed at a town meeting held at the Court-House, in this township, Jan. 10, 187s, have declined or refused to act; therefore, be it

Resolved, That the action of said meeting be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as it relates to the appointment of said Committee, and said Committee are hereby discharged; further, that the interests of this township in the L. B. & W. Railway Company be, and are, hereby referred to Peter Whitmer, John Reed, and Jeremiah Welch, and the Hon. E. M. Benjamin, who shall, in conjunction with the Supervisor of this township, take such sieps as they shall deem necessary and proper to protect the interests of this township in said corporation.

The meeting then adjourned.

Litigation in case of the Lafayette Road is deemed inevitable, while in case of the Indianspotis Road it is barely probable that it can be avoided.

Significant Gathering of Railway Magnates at Cairo.

Significant Gathering of Railway Magnatics at Cairo.

Special Depatch to The Chicago Tribusa.

Cairo, Ill., Jan. 27.—A rather significant gathering of railroad men and capitalists occurred in this city to-day. A special train of five cars arrived from Baitimore this morning, containing the following gentlemen: Mr. 8. E. Peabody, banker, of London; Mr. J. P. Morgan, of Drevel, Morgan & Co.; T. W. Stevens, C. E. Tracy, and Mr. McMilles, all of New York; Messrs. Francis Peabody, John N. Wilson, and L. Saltonstall, all of Boston; Messrs. John King, President pro tem. of the Baltimore & Ohio Railway, of Baltimore; W. W. Peabody, Cincinnati; W. H. McClintock, Chillicothe, O. In addition to these may be mentioned Mr. Torrence, President, and Christie, Vice-President of the Ohio & Mississippi Railroad; Mr. Marquand, Vice-President; Col. Morley, Chief Engineer of the Cairo & Fulton Railroad, and F. W. Palmer. Superintendent of the Cairo & Vincennes Railroad. These gentlemen have spent the day pleasantly under the care of Mr. James Johnson, the lilinois Central Railroad Agent of this city. They inspected the Illinois Central Railroad improvements, and crossed over to the Kentucky side and expressed much satisfaction with all they saw. The greater part of the day was consumed in conversation among themselves. It is believed that this meeting may result in the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad becoming the owners of the Cairo & Vincennes Railroad. If so, its importance cannot be overestimated.

The Pennsylvania Bailread.

From the Pittsburgh Commercial, Jan. 25.

It is stated that the forthcoming annual report of the President of the Pennsylvania Bailroad Company, which will be delivered to the stockholders at their yearly meeting on March 10, will be a highly favorable one—showing that the affairs of the road are in a more prosperous condition than at any former period of its history. Entire harmony is reported to prevail among the various officers of the corporation, whose financial resources were never more abundant than at present. The annual election of Directors will take place March 24.

The New Jersey Southern.
TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 27.—The New Jersey
outhern Railroad will resume business week
fter next.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Judgments to the amount of \$178,775 have been obtained in Mahaeks Circuit Court against the Central Railroad of Iowa.

—The Indianapolis Manufacturing and Real Estate Exchange unanimously indoreed the Orth bill last night.

—The Boston correspondent of the New York Tribuse writes that Dr. Wyman has concluded his work on the sutopsy of Prof. Agassiz, and reports that the cause of death was disease and obstructions of the arteries of the brain. The greatest weight of the brain is estimated at 56.5 avoirdupois ounces.

—The citizens of Lims Township, Ind., beld a meeting in the school-house of that place, Saturday evening, to discuss the propriety of raising funds by taxing the township to build a new school-house, to cost \$12,500. The Hon. John B. Howe offered to build one-half if any other persons would build the balance, or would give \$2,500 besides paying his tax. There was considerable debating on the question, which finally resulted in voting the tax.

—At a largely-attended meeting in Fall River, Mass., on Monday night, many women being present, a resolution was adopted demanding the enactment by the Legislature of the Ten-Hour law, and pronouncing any member opposing it unfit for his place. While the meeting was in progress a cry of fire was raised, and a soene of frightful confucion followed. Men leaped through the windows in haste to ascare.

women crowded to the doors and platform, making exit impossible. After a time the excitement was allayed, and it was found that nobody was seriously hurt.

The Cincinnati Common Council to-day met and unanimously passed a resolution appointing a committee of six of their number to go to Washington and enter the protest of the city against the stopping of work on the new Government building; also, resolutions declaring that the present buildings in that city are inadepuate to the business, and that new buildings are a public necessity, and that the two Congressional Districts in Hamilton County had, in the last ten years, paid \$65,000,000 internal-revenue tax.

greesional Districts in Hamilton County has, in the last ten years, paid \$65,000,000 internal-revenue tax.

—The first Exhibition of the Northern Wisconsin Poultry Society opened yesterday, but did not get fairly under way. It will continue for three days. Upwards of 300 entries had been made up to noon vesterday, and more are arriving. So far the Exhibition has gone beyond the expectation of its officers; and it is said to be the finest display ever held in the State. Wagner's Hall is filled to a crowded state with coops, and the arrangements are not extensive enough so great has been the interest taken in the show. Coops are arriving from all parts of Northern Wisconsin.

—It will be remembered that two months since Joseph Hueys, of Portland, Ind., was outraged by a rival because Hueys was to be married very soon to a young and handsome widow. The foul deed was done at night, while the unfortunate man was saleep. Before he was aroused enough to realize the situation the fiend had gone. Hueys was married a few days since to the woman who caused the trouble. Rewards and active measures have failed to get a clue to the woman who caused the trouble. Rewards and active measures have failed to get a clue to the perpetrator, who had prophesied beforehand that the widow would never marry Hueys. But Mrs. McCoy stuck to her original purpose in spite of the jealous lover. The couple are married, keeping house and living happily.

THE FARMERS.

The Grangers Rapidly Organizing in Colorado.

Resolutions Adopted by the Fulton County (III.) Farmers' Associa-

tion. The Colorado Grangers. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune. DENVER, Col., Jan. 27.—A meeting of is city to-day, with the view of organiz

this city to-day, with the view of organizing a Territorial Grange, under the supervision of J. L. Brown, Special Deputy of the National Grange. The following Granges were represented: Ceres, Balston, Greeley, Clear Creek Valley, Vaimont, Big Thompson, Collins, Washington, Left-Hand, Harmony, Bocky Mountain, Platte. Canyon, Plum Creek, Platte Valley, St. Vrains, Lower Boulder Meadow, Grand Littleton, Lower Thompson, Lupton Fountain, Elpaso, Monument, Star, Fifty Miner. Fonder, Pleasant Valley, Lower St. Vrains, Longmont, South Boulder, Coal Creek, Burlington, Enterprise, Union, Larkspur, Denver, Eureka, Haystack, Alwa Cache la Poudre, and Flora—42 in all.

Committees on Credentials and on other matters were appointed, after which an adjournment took place until to-morrow morning.

Farmers' Association of Pulton County, Ill.

Resolved, That we request our Senators and Representatives in Congress to use their influence to obtain immediate appropriation for the improvement of the lilinois and Miscissippi Rivers, believing, as we do, that unobstructed communication from the lakes to the sea by Nature's highway to be of paramount im-

the sea by Nature's highway to be of paramount importance.

Resolved, That we are in favor of the purchase of home-manufactured implements, when the manufactured implements, when the manufactured implements, when the manufacturers will deal with us on just principles.

Resolved, That we look upon debt as an evil, a snare, and a delusion. That we recommend all farmers to relieve themselves from this severe master as soon as possible, and adopt at once the pay-down system. We recommend that they svoid litigation, and endeavor to settle all matters of difference by arbitration, we further recommend that each subscribe for at least one good agricultural journal, and as many political and literary publications as he can read and pay for. We further recommend the establishment of a circulating library by each Club and Grange. We rejoice at the election of Gov. Booth, of California, to the United States Senate, as a victory over corrupt rings and dishousest combinations. We hall with satisfaction the adoption by a large majority of the new Constitution by the State of Pennsylvania, as under it railroad abuses will be corrected, and a cheek put to the corrupt rings of that lobby-controlled and ring-governed State. The overthrow of the corrupt Tammany ring of New York, the conviction and confinement in the entitutiary of the "Boss" and principal members, is a nother one of the good signs of the times, and we trust it will prove a salutary lesson to their followers and imitators in other States. We am pleased to learn that several prominent Senators, no obedience to the and imitators in other States. We are pleased to learn that several prominent Senators, in obedience to the jubile sentiment of their respective States, concluded to favor the unconditional repeal of the infamous sality-grab law, and we sincerely hope soon to learn that President Grant has concluded to surrender his share of the save.

f the swag.

Resolved, That we are in favor of the establishm of a county paper in the interest of the farmers.

B. Hann The Secretary read a letter from R. Haney & Co., of Peoria, stating that they would deal directly with the farmers. As this firm was one of the signers of the Chicago resolution, Mr. Fennessey thought this was an indication that the power of the ring was broken.

Sanfamon County Grange.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 27.—Some time since a convention of plow manufacturers resolved that they would sell no plows to Grangers except at retail prices. To-day the County Grange of this county passed the following resolution: Resolved, That the County Council of Sangamon County accept the challenge here given, and recommend that the Patrons of Husbandry buy machinery of no firm or Individual signing the above agreement. (Signed.) J. MCCARKER, President. CHARLES F. MILLS, Secretary. LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Cases Before the Michigan Supreme

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
Lansing, Mich., Jan. 27.—The Supreme Court reasembled this morning. An opinion on Crane v. Reeder, which has been in litigation for sev-eral years past, and frequently before this court, was again given, reversing the decision of the was again given, reversing the decision of the court below. The Gity of Detroit v. Henry Webber et al., sureties for Edward F. Leadbeater, defaulting City Treasurer, was decided in favor of the sureties. Two cases in which the City of Detroit is particularly interested, as relating to the Park and Public-Works act, will be argued on Thursday morning. It is expected the term will close Thursday evening.

At Big Rapids, Mich.
Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.
Big Rapids, Mich., Jan. 27.—This mornin Bio Rappos, Mich., Jan. 27.—This morning at 4 o'clock the shingle-mill belonging to Robert Muuroe was completely destroyed by fire, sup-posed to be the work of an incendiary. The loss is about \$2,008, fully insured in a Chicago company. The mill had not been in use lately, and part of the machinery had been moved, which accounts for the light loss.

At Chippewa Falls, Wis.
Milwauker, Jan. 27.—A Chippews Falls, Wis., special to the Daily News says the Tremont House was burned last night, and five men were severely injured by falling walls.

G. A. R. IN ILLINOIS.

G. A. R. IN ILLINOIS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

ROCKFOED, Ill., Jan. 27.—The annual encampment of the Department of Illinois convened at 3 o'clock this afternoon at the Grand Army of the Republic Hall. There was the largest representation had for many years. The Department Commander, G. T. Gould, made an address pertaining to the general interests and welfare of the Order. Numerous resolutions were presented calling on Congress for an equalization of the bounties. The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted in William H. Hilliard, of Chicago, being chosen Department Commander; T. G. Lawler, of this city, S. V. C. T.; W. A. Lord, of Jollet, J. V. C.; Dr. DeWolf, Medical Director; E. S. Weeden, of Chicago, Judge-Advocate. The General Council of Administrators was chosen, as follows: J. Stewart, of Chicago; George N. Carey, of Plainfield; P. Flyun, of Rockford; H. B. Scott, of Joliet; A. H. Winds, of Turner Junction. The following ware chosen delegates to the National Encampment at Harrisburg, Pa.: G. T. Gould, of Chicago, and Paul Vandervort, of Bloomington. The Encampment then adjourned until this evening, when the installation of officers took place, and the grand campfire of the lodge was held.

Speculations as to the Result of the English Elections.

English Sympathy with the Germans in Their War upon the Ultra-

Sixteen Lives Lost by a Railroad Disaster in Scotland.

GREAT BRITAIN.

London, Jan. 27.—While the express passer ger train from Edinburgh for Glasgow was rur ning at great speed, this morning, it came is collision with another express train. Sixtee persons were killed, and a number were severely

Injured. Several ceaches were demolished.

FOLITICAL SPECULATIONS.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—Speculation continues in regard to the reasons which caused the Government to decide upon the dissolution of Parlisment. Some declare it was brought about by a dissension in the Cabinet; others that Gladstone has been summoned before the Court of Queen's Bench for not standing for re-election after accepting the office, in March last. The utmost interest is manifested over the elections, and much activity is displayed in preparation. The newspapers are filled with appeals for elections. County elections, contested and uncontested, will occupy the first two weeks of February, and those in the boroughs the time between the 30th inst. and the 7th prox. Allowing for delays in the receipt of write of election in distant parts of Scotland and Ireland, it is believed that the general election will be completed by the 16th of February. Both parties are confident of success. Betting is now in favor of the Liberals.

are conndent of success. Betting is now in favor of the Liberals.

SPECULATIONS CONCERNING THE NEW PARLIAMENT.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Charles Bradlangh has written a fetter concerning the prospects of the Radicals in the coming general election in England. He says: "It is probable there will be more Conservatives elected and fewer Whigs, but the Conservatives will have to promise some very radical measures in order to get returned. The next Parliament will show a sturdy Radical band, for the first time in English history. The working miners will probably be represented in the House of Commons. They have at least three efficient candidates, McDonald, Burt, and Crawford There is now a Radical party growing, and (Bradlaugh believes) this party, which has mustered a gallant little band, even in the Parliament just slaughtered, will be strengthened so materially in the Parliament about to be elected that it will not only be strong enough to prevent the Conservatives

ment about to be elected that it will not only be strong enough to prevent the Conservatives faom retaining officefor any long term, even supposing that they should win it, but they will be able so materially to modify the Liberal programme that Whigism of the Granville type might as well perform hari-kari."

Mr. Lowe's ADDRESS TO HIS CONSTITUENTS.

Mr. Lowe, in his address to his constituents, deals largely with local topics. He says an increase of expenditures had always attended a Conservative administration. Disraell, when in power, never had a large surplus himself, therefore he is welcome to dispose in imagination of the accumulations of others. Progress in England was ever the result of Barassing legislation; but adherence to custom would stereotype barbarism.

A large meeting was held at St. James' Hall last night, the object of which was to express the sympathy or Englishmen for the German Government in its struggle, with the ultramon-

is terepeated defeats smoe the bestinning of the recess, and it determined to win the country by a boild dash and promises of reduced taxation."

Lozuroz, Jan. 37.—The Conservatives have a construction of the professional property of the professional pro

following:

We demand this law of the Legislature, and pro-sounce any member of that body who opposes it unfit

for his place.

In Pittsburgh.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Privaturon, Pa., Jan. 27.—The Internationals have entirely fizzled out here, for they falled to make their immense demonstration yesterday. They claim that they are not connected with the Communists, but their speakers at every meeting have demanded an equal division of property, and have never put forward anylpractical measure for the relief of their workmen, whom they claim are starving. A careful survey of the field shows that there are unemployed workmen's families in need. The Reiief Societies have invariably furnished assistance most liberally.

The Proposed Meeting at the Cooper Institute, in New York, on Priday Evening.

New York, Jan. 27.—The Friedenkerbund Turnversin and other German societies will meet in the Cooper Institute on Friday night, to protest against the action of the police and other city functionaries in regard to the meeting, and the clubbing of the unemployed workingmen in Tompkins square. The Trustees of the Cooper Union had a conference with the Police Commissioners, and were informed by the latter that they could protect the speakers from violence in the expression of their opinions, but might not be able to protect the property in the hall, in case of disacelar: hance, in addition to the rent (\$250).

the Friedenkers must give a bond of \$2,000 to

pay damages to the furniture.

The Pennsylvania Minere.

Pottsville, Pa., Jan. 27.—From reports received to-day from various mining points in the Schuylkill region, it is estimated that about one-third of the collectes have resumed wor since the settlement of the beais question. The reason assigned for the small number of miner that have thus far resumed is, that there are few orders to fill at this season, there being good supply of men, and many operators bein engaged in repairing their works and machinery.

It is reported that there will be a general resumption of all collieries on Feb. 2. There is not sufficient demand, however, to warrant their running up to the full producing capacity.

Communication.

Communication.

Mazonanu, Ws., Jan. 24, 1874.

To the Editor of The Chicago Tribune:

Sire: I have been reading a communication published in The Triburary of Jan. 20, entitled "Some Parallels." The feelings of indignation natural to a mechanic and workingman impel me to put pen to paper, and. in a crude and feeble way, express my dissent from sentiments so utterly at war with the principles of justice and true Republicanism. Entertaining the peculiar opinions in regard to the relations of Capital and Labor that appear to inspire that communication, it is evident the writer thereof has come upon the stage of action at too late a

a few centuries earlier, in those halcyon days when the lords of the soil and the mine possessed a fee-simple title in the brain and muscle of the laborer; those happy times, when there were no wisked and sebellious workingmen, asserting their right to carry their wares to the highest market; those patriarchal times, when the Baron could enjoy the fruits of his predatory raids upon the fields and castles of his weaker neighbors, or the robbery of some base and sordid trader, without being disturbed with the fear that his bipedal cattle would "strike" and demand a small percentage of the spoil. In those pure and simple days, the "Law-and-Order party" would have soon meted out summary justice to the "base hinds" who should set up the blasphemous claim that "The laborer is worthy of his hire."

But, supposing that, through some unfortunate disarrangement of the laws of Nature, or perversion of the designs of Providence, the lot of the writer of "Some Parallels" had happened to fall among the "under-crust." the "mudsilla," as our friends of the Bouth loved to style us. I opine a misfortune of that kind would have had the tendency to effect a radical change in his views as to the justice of the demands of these "monopolistic picks," as he facetiously styles them. In such a case, he might possibly feel like bestowing a small modicum of sympathy upon those unfortunate subjects of his dersive wit, "the ignorant black bucks of Kellegg's Kingdom." I see no escape for Mr. Coriles from the evils of the times in which we live, unless he join forces with the unhappy "A. D. H." who told her pathetic tale in The Tansuns supplement of Jan. 3, and other fellow-sufferers under the odious tyrancy of these "hewers of wood and drawers of water," and agitate for a restoration of that glorious era in American history when the Southern Chivalry made laws for the "Great Republic;" when the master owned the servant, and, were he lazy or disposed to grumble, he could be strung up by the thumbs, and flogged into a realizing sense of the pr

A large meeting was held at St. James' Hall last night, the object of which was to express the sympathy or Englishmen for the German Government in its struggle with the ultramontane party. Lotters supporting the purposes of the meeting were received from the Archbishops of York and Canterbury, and 337 members of Parliament. Speeches were made by Mesars. Newdegate, Peel, Chambers, and others.

Mr. Joseph Thompson, an American resident of Berlin, was one of the speakers at the meeting in St. James Hall. He traced the history of religious dissentions in Germany, and praised the American system of secular education, which, be declared, was one of the most effective means of combating Ultramontanism. The Times, this morning, alludes to Mr. Thompson's speech in terms of high commendation. Mr. Chimiquy, of Illinois, also spoke at the same meeting.

The Pall Mall Gazette declares it has good reason to believe that the report that Gladstone has been summoned before the Court of Queen's Bench is unfounded. The Times says: "The simple truth is, tho Ministry was unable to withstand the annoyance caused by its repeated defeats since the beginning of the prevent meeting with the ultramontanism. The Pall Mall Gazette declares it has good reason to believe that the report that Gladstone has been summoned before the Court of Queen's Bench is unfounded. The Times says: "The simple truth is, tho Ministry was unable to withstand the annoyance caused by its repeated defeats since the beginning of the provident, the idle and the vicious while the miner is entirely willing to work for the miner is entirely willing to work

Wagner.

Richard Wagner wo makes the music of future, has been interviewed in Baircuth. Was found at the Opera-House he is building surrounded by carpenters, and in his all sleeves. King Louis, of Bavaris, has given haltogether \$400,000 to aid in the construction the house. It will have cost altogether, wh haished, over \$1,000,000. "The dimensions the stage are colossal," and an orchestra of a performers will be required. He (Wagnessays: "I have written my operas for vast chestras. "Tannhauser," my first opers he will have a band of the above number of matinments. I have now more applicants for gratuous co-operation from first-class singers a musicians than I can use. Joachim will lead twiolins, and Liszt will preside at the organ,"

Two Men Lose Their Lives Through

From the Pettevill (Pa.) Journal.

It is well-known now that small-pox existed for some weeks in a store on Contre street, and committed great ravages in the family circle of the storatesper. Among the customers who dealt at his store were two men, one a well-to-do storekeeper at Auburn and the other from Cressons. One day the Auburn man came to this store, bought a stock of goods, and in going out noticed that the doors and windows were closed. He asked the reason of this funeral appearance of things. "Why," said some one, "don't you know that they have small-pox there?" At this intelligence the heart of the Auburn man sank within him, be was at once soized with pains, went home and died of small-

pox in three days. The fate of the Ores man was almost exactly similar. He enithe same store, was informed of the cristene small-pox there, was dreadfully frightened, went home to die of small-pox.

OBITUARY.

layee, a well-known contractor and in his city, of the firm of Hayer & E. o-day of inflammation of the lungs.

Sar Francisco, Jan. 27.—John Foley, Massager of the Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Company, of this city, died to-night after a linguing

FLOODS AT THE EAST.

Osweso, N. Y., Jan 37.—A dispatch from Pelton, on the Oswego Biver, says: "The most extensive flood known here for twenty years in devastating the lower portions of the villags. On Sunday evening about thirty families were obliged to leave their homes, and many more this morning were carried from the second story of their houses by boats. Men were seen wading in the water to their waists, carrying the women of their households on their backs to a place of safety. The damage to business interests is great."

WINDOO, Out., Jan. 27.—Becent heavy floods between here and Chatham have carried away three miles of the Great Western Railway track. No tains have passed through since Sunday. The track will not be clear for several days.

WATERTOWN, MASS., LIVE-STOCK MARKEL WATERTOWN, Mass., Jan. 27.—EREP CATTLE—Bacelots, 566; nearly one-half the supply Western calle. Trade not very brisk, and prices not improved from last was; choica, 9.550,610.00; ctrs, 38.752, 9.25; first quality, \$7.75,66.50; second, \$6.00,67.50; third, \$5.00,63.50.

SHEEP AND LANSE—Receipts, 1,687; prices advanced about 1/c. Sheep, in lots, \$3.00,64.50 each; extra, \$5.00,64.75.

—An editor in a small town in Illinois, who attended an apple-paring, became imbued with the whirl of society, and this is how it affected him: "We are in the midst of the season for parties, dancing, mirth, and festivity. The rosined hair of the horse travels marrily over the intestincs of the agile cat, evoking music to which the impatient feet trip gaily upon the foor."

ELY-At her recidence, No. 30 West Washington-at-Il years.
Funeral at Kenosha, Wis., Jan. 28.
For Skaneatles, N. Y., and Troy, N. Y., papers please copy.
WILSON—Jan. 28, 10 p. m. Mrs. Mary Wilson, of Jefferson, Ill., as ther late residence. 125 Clybourn—place, aged 65 years. scal at Kenosha, Wis., Jan. 28. Shancatles, N. Y., and Troy, N. Y., papers years, eal from the Church of the Annunciation, corner innest, and Waubancia-av., Wednesday, at it innest, and in a continue to Calvary Camptery, Friends of

the family are invited to attended.

13' Basica papers please copy.

STACK.—In this city, Jan. 28. 1874. Patrick Stack, aged 28 years and 10 months.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 202 Huebard.et., at 11.29 a. m. to-day (the 28th). The remains will be taken to St. Stephen; Church, these to Calvary Complete by cars on the 1 o'clock p. m. train. Friends of the family are livitied.

15' Budisho, N. Y., papers please copy.

MINNAMARA.—At 3 o'clock yesterday moreing, Mrs. Magrie McNamars, aged about 30 years.

Nagrie McNamars, aged about 30 years.

Funeral this morning at 10 o'clock from her late residence, No. 21's Carrollest. Carriages to Calvary.

FAMILY

To all persons suffering from Rheumatism, New-raigia, Cramps in the Limbs or Stomusch, Billions Colid, Pain in the Back, Bowels, or Side, was would say, TER HOUSENDLE PANACEA and FAMILY LINUMENT is of all those the remoter was LINIMENT : the above complaints in thousands of cases. There is no mistake a boat it. Try it. Sold by all . Progress.

195 and 197 Rand

REGULAR WEDNESDAY SALE Jan. 28, from 9 1-2 to 3 1-2 o'clock.

We shall offer AT AUCTION, at our Salesrooms, 18 and House Furnishing Store. Consisting of Wood and Willow Ware, Tin and Plates Ware, Outlery, Stoves, Washing Machines, Boards, on Tubs, Casters, Table-Mats, Knife Baskets, &c., &c. Also an assortment of

CARPETS, CROCKERY, NEW AND SECOND-HAND FURNITURE,

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, And Merchandine of Every Descript By L. M. HOFFMAN'S SON & CO.

WEDNESDAY, Pob. 4, at 11 o'clock, at Roberte' aberrooms, Nos. W and 30 Water-st., New York, by erer of Mesers. A. A. LOW & BROS., IMPORTANT SALE OF SOUND TEAS.

6,000 Packages Choice New Teas, COLONG TEAS, Per Galley of Lorns and class
GREENIN TELAS,
Per Bondson. POWCHONG and SOUCHONG TEAS.

Oatalogues and Samples ready the day previous.

BY GEO. P. GORE & CO., JAN. 28, AT 10 A. M., Our Regular Wednesday Auction Sale will be held, and we shall offer a good assortment

BOOTS AND SHOES Including a line MEN'S and BOYS' BUFF. CONG., and BALS. GEO. P. GORE & CO., & and Wahashes.

By WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., AUCTIONEERS, NO. 108 MADISON-ST., (Between Dearbora and Clark.) BUGGIES, PHAETONS, & CUTTERS, HARNESS, &C. On WEDNESDAY, at 10 o'clock, at 108 Madison-et.

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

On THURSDAY, at 60 o'clock, at our salarmous, in HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND GENERAL MERCHANDISE, On SATURDAY, at 9% o'clock, at 108 Madison By ELISON, POMEROY & CO.

Priday Morning, Jan. 30, at 9 1-2 o'clock,
Regular Sale of Nov and Second-band
FURNITURE,

FURNITURE, CARPETS, ETC., AT AUGIST Marble-top fiets, Bureaus, Bedeteads, Extension, Softs, Louisees, Bods, Hedding, Showlers, Brancis and Theory, Chromos, Flatedware, Bruneis and Theory, otc. BRUSH, SON & CO., Auditor By OSGOOD & WILLIAMS.
West Side Auction House, © South Canal-6

AT AUCTION, this morning, communing by and overy day this week, a large lat of New and send Furnisure, including fine Parior and Chamber ording and Hasting Moves, Carpets, United States of Carpets, Car

VOLUME 28.

Wilkes-B 70 "From Our Own !

owing to our facilities in years, and solved a large proportion at the autumn months, we now or de of HARD COAL for \$7.50 per Ton i \$8.00 per Ton I der sheds. We also offer and in BRIAR HILL, Minhar qualities of Bituminous BLAKE, WHITEHOUS

RDS-Indians et. Bridge, Twee HAVANA CIGAL IN HAVANA C Fine Wines.

19 Chamber of Con

Liquors, Groo

CTATT No. 146 East Mad GENTS' FURNISHING SHIR Colla

CUFF

FINANCIAL The FIRST NATION Central City, Co

J. A. THATCHER, Pres., OTTO SA FRANK C. YOUNG, Co. Capital, \$300,000. Paid Refer to Chemical National Bank Bank, St. Louis, Third National Bank ROBERT WINTHR

BANKERS AND BRAWALLS. New York, execute or S. AND GOLD, allow 4 per centre. N. and transact a general Bank CONCERT. VOCAL AND INSTR

CONCE

THIS EVENING, A CHRIST CH UNDER THE DIREC

TO RENT. Chamber of Co. OFFICE TO 1

As we shall move to No Building about Feb. 15, our No. 28 Chamber of Commerce WM. I MISCELLANEO TOILETI

LADIES, try it. Not being allow the face, but removed then applied-ing desired—the akin desumes a you deced by no other agency care nature jurious. 46 cts. per bex. For sale by WANT Line of sample commission Central Illinois, by an experie Address for two days, F 44,

NOTIC After February 1, 1654, the premium FAX CRETIFICATES, held by the 1871 will be raised to 5 PER CENT. Chicago, Jan. 20, 1874. S. S. HA PRINTERS. STATIC Rubber Rings

COLVER, PAGE, HO 118 and 120 M ONSUMERS will find it profitable before ordering elsewhers. Hill Whelesale and Rotall Stationers, Book Manufacturers, 16 Clock GENERAL NO

"he separtineship harpiedow axisi a kimma and John W. Harrib, hen The undersigned will continue the passing on Real Betate security at the Markett, Ohicano, Chicago, Jan. 27, 1874. HAVANA LOT ROYAL HAVANA

one in the control of SOCIETY ME Masonio Marro at., between blate and island, for election of officers for

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